

# Graph Neural Networks Reconstruction for the Hyper Kamiokande Detector

21<sup>st</sup> Rencontres du Vietnam, Quy Nhon, July 2025

Erwan Le Blévec

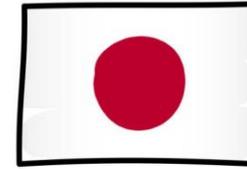
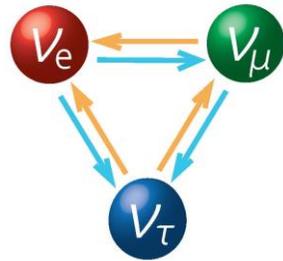
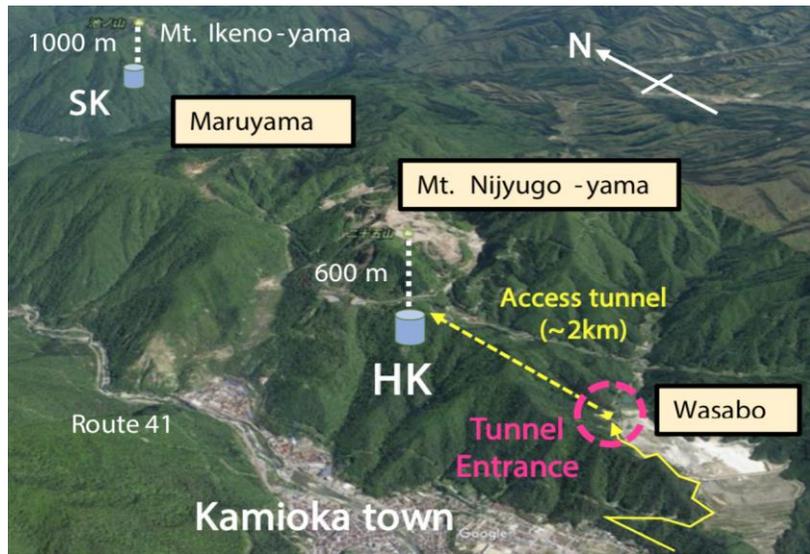
On behalf of the Hyper K collaboration



東京大学  
THE UNIVERSITY OF TOKYO

I L  $\wedge$  N C E

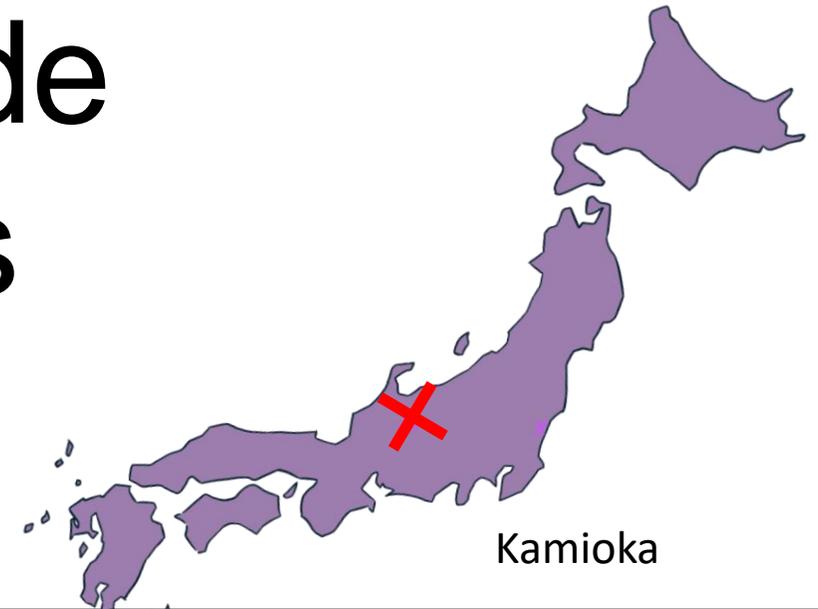
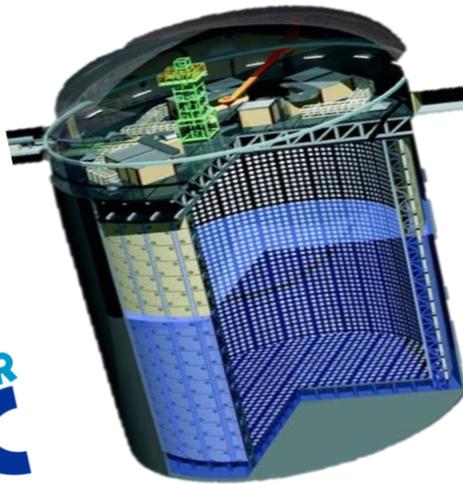




JAPAN



# Kamiokande Detectors



Kamioka

# From Big to Huge

Super  
Kamiokande

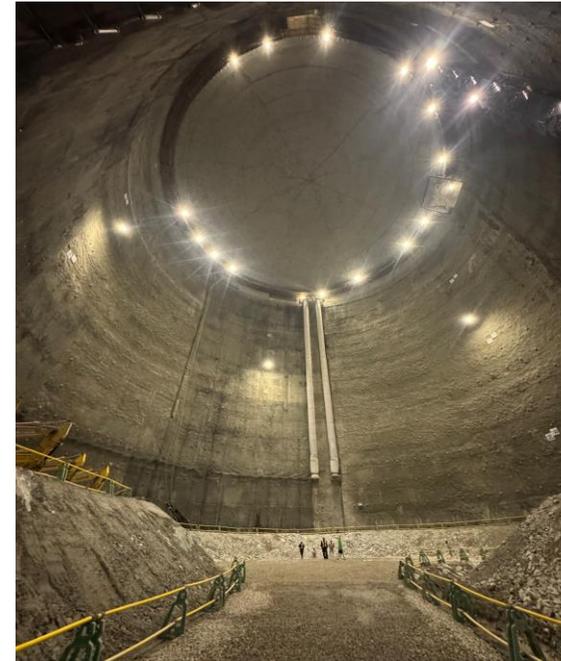
40 m



8 x

Hyper  
Kamiokande

67 m

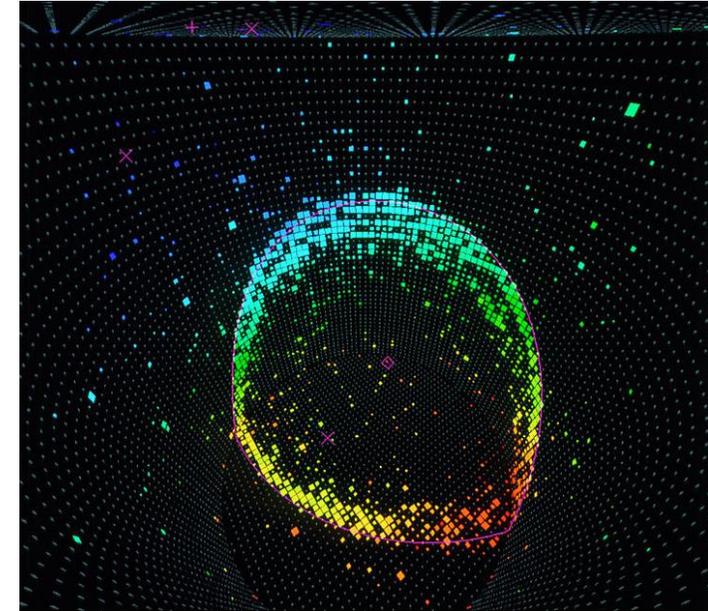
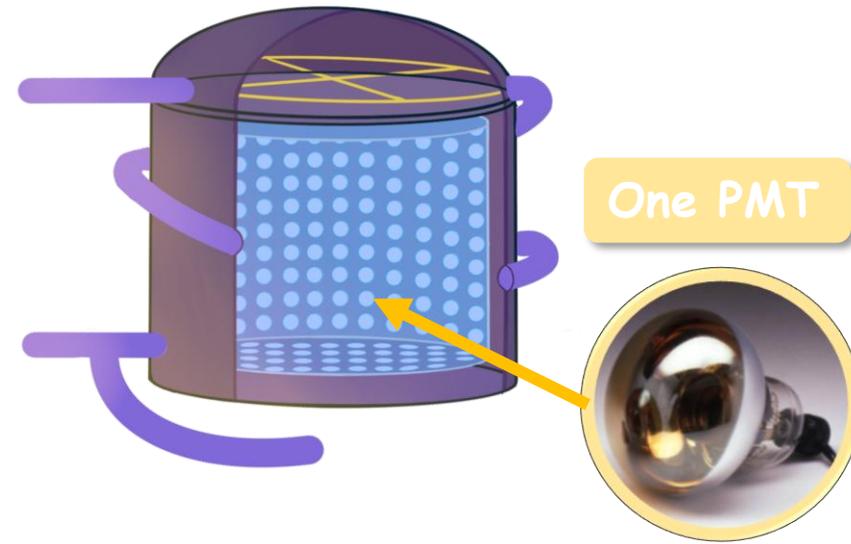
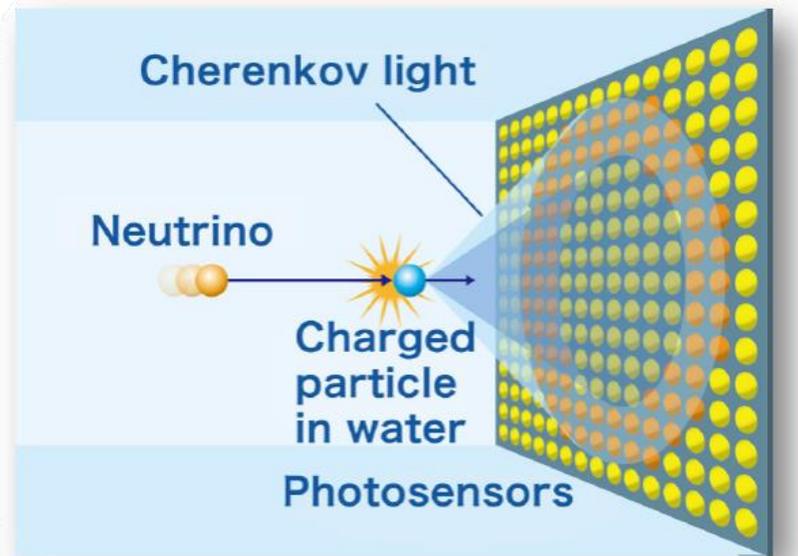


40 m

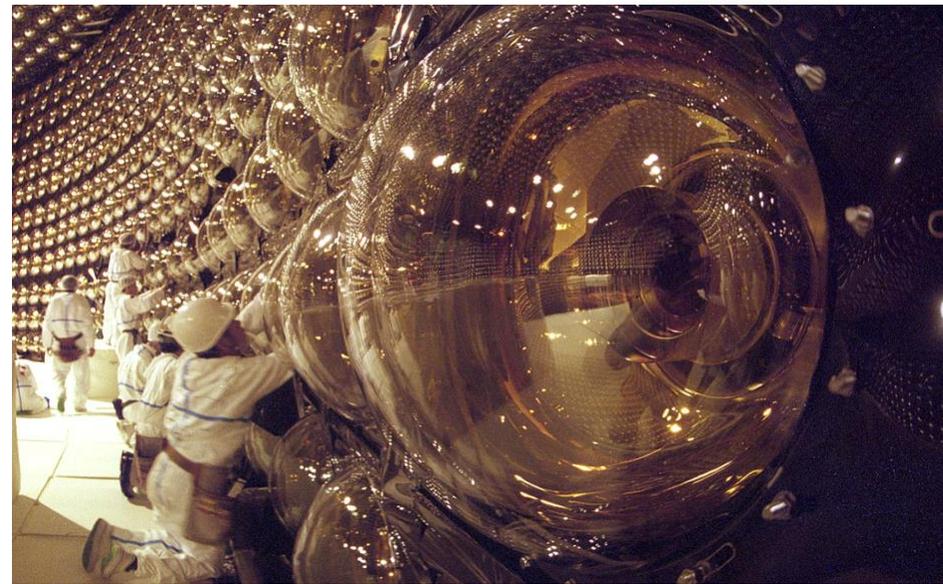
64 m

	1996 - today (and beyond)	2028 - (and beyond)
ID PMTs	~11k	20k
Photo Coverage	40%	20% (x2 efficiency)
Mass / Fiducial Mass	50 kton / 22.5 kton	260 kton / 188 kton

# Detection Principle

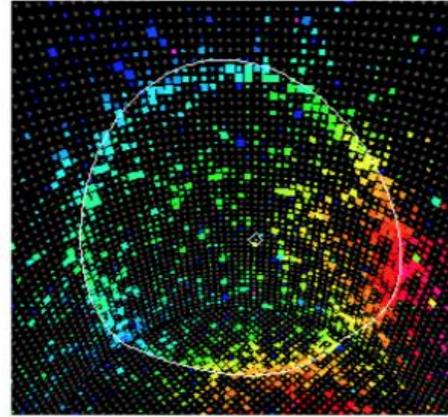
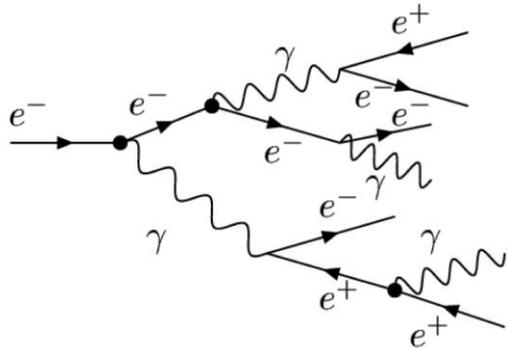
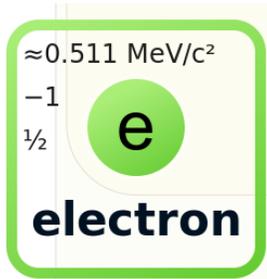


Ultra-sensitive **PhotoMultiplier Tubes** (PMTs) to detect Cherenkov light from energetic charged particles.



# Reconstruction in Hyper K

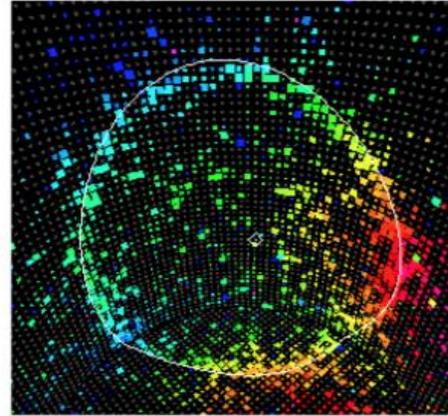
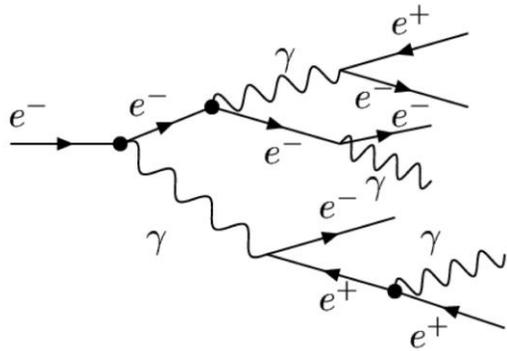
# Tracing back from light to Particle



$\nu_e$ -like

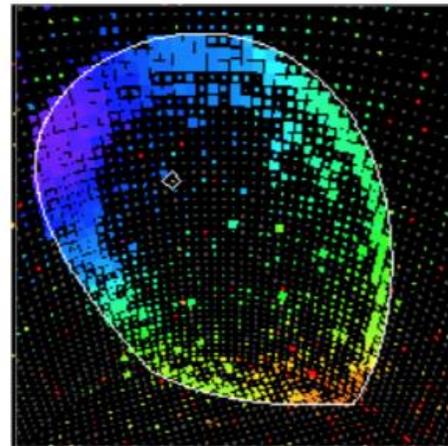
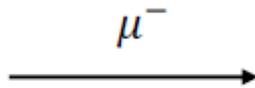
# Tracing back from light to Particle

$\approx 0.511 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
-1  
 $\frac{1}{2}$   
**e**  
**electron**



$\nu_e$ -like

$\approx 105.66 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
-1  
 $\frac{1}{2}$   
 **$\mu$**   
**muon**



$\nu_\mu$ -like

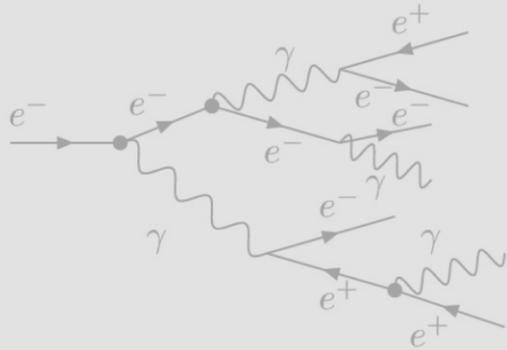
Different behaviors



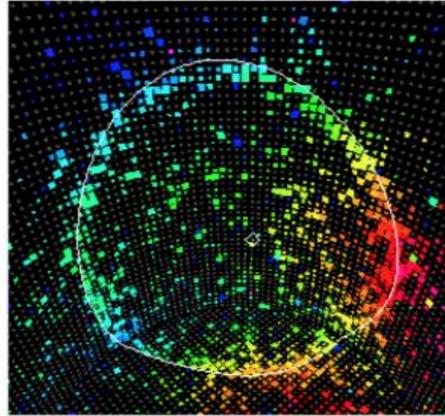
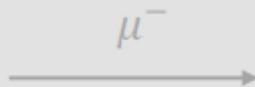
Different ring patterns

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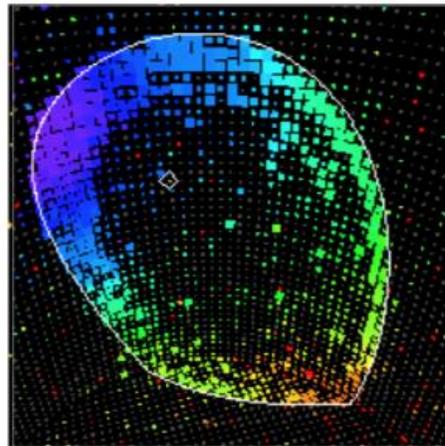
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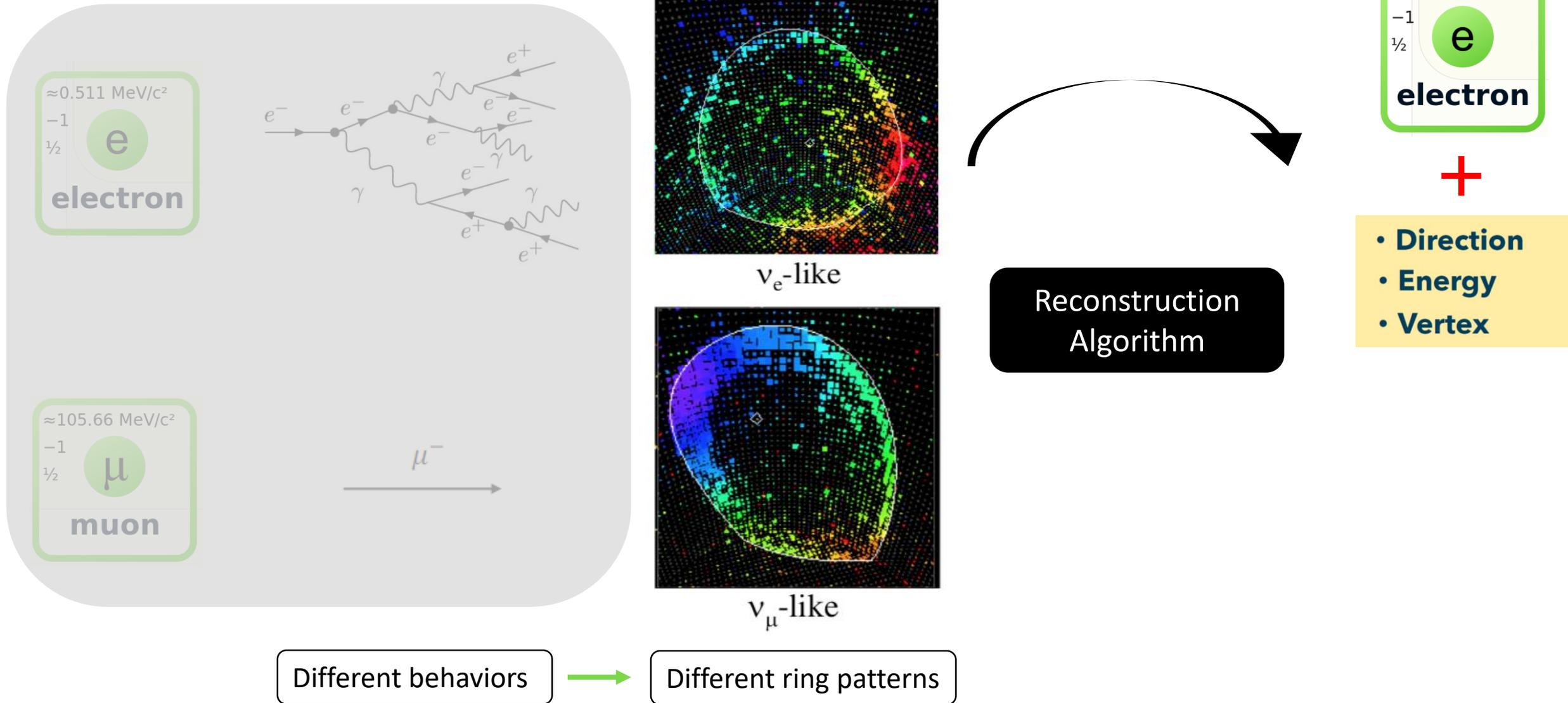
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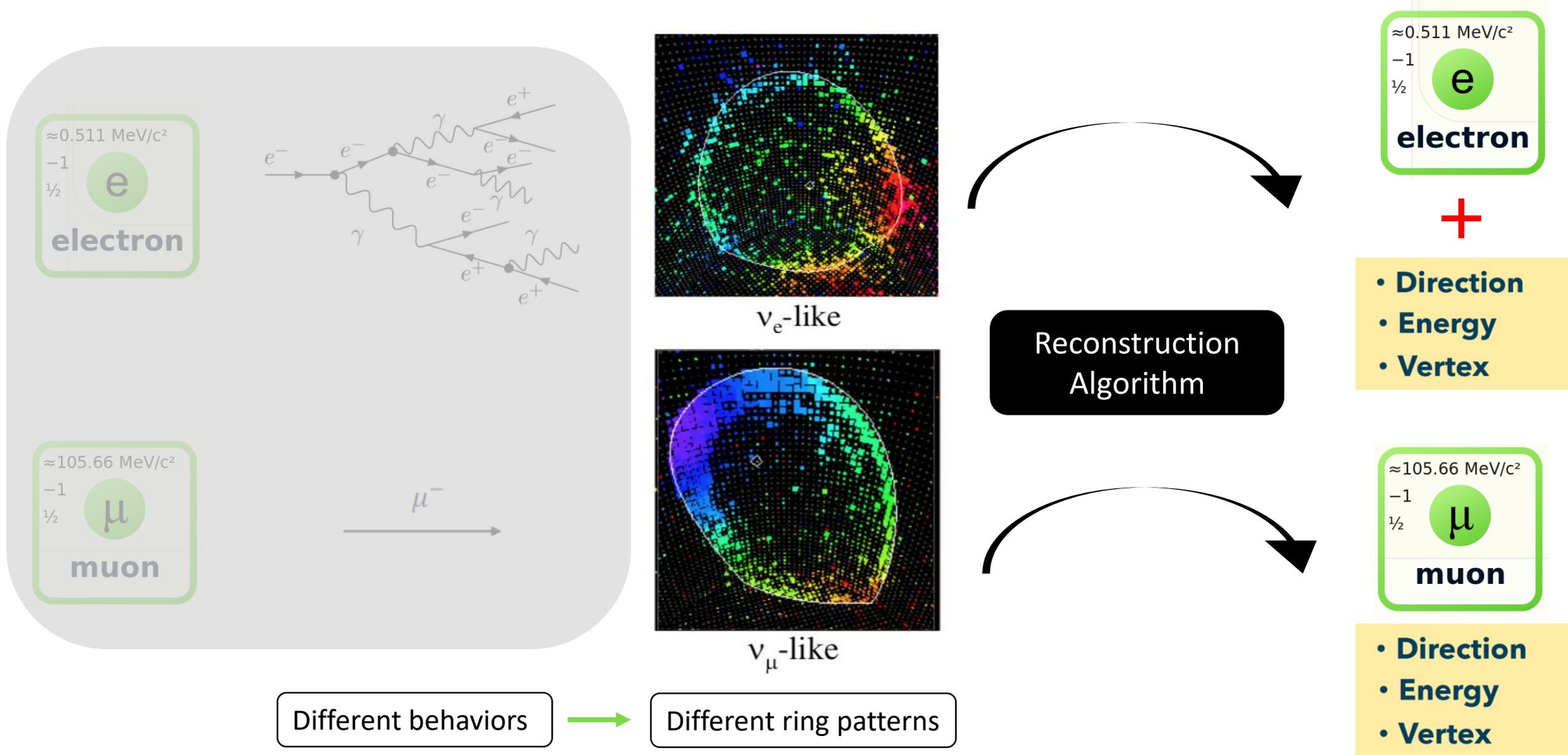


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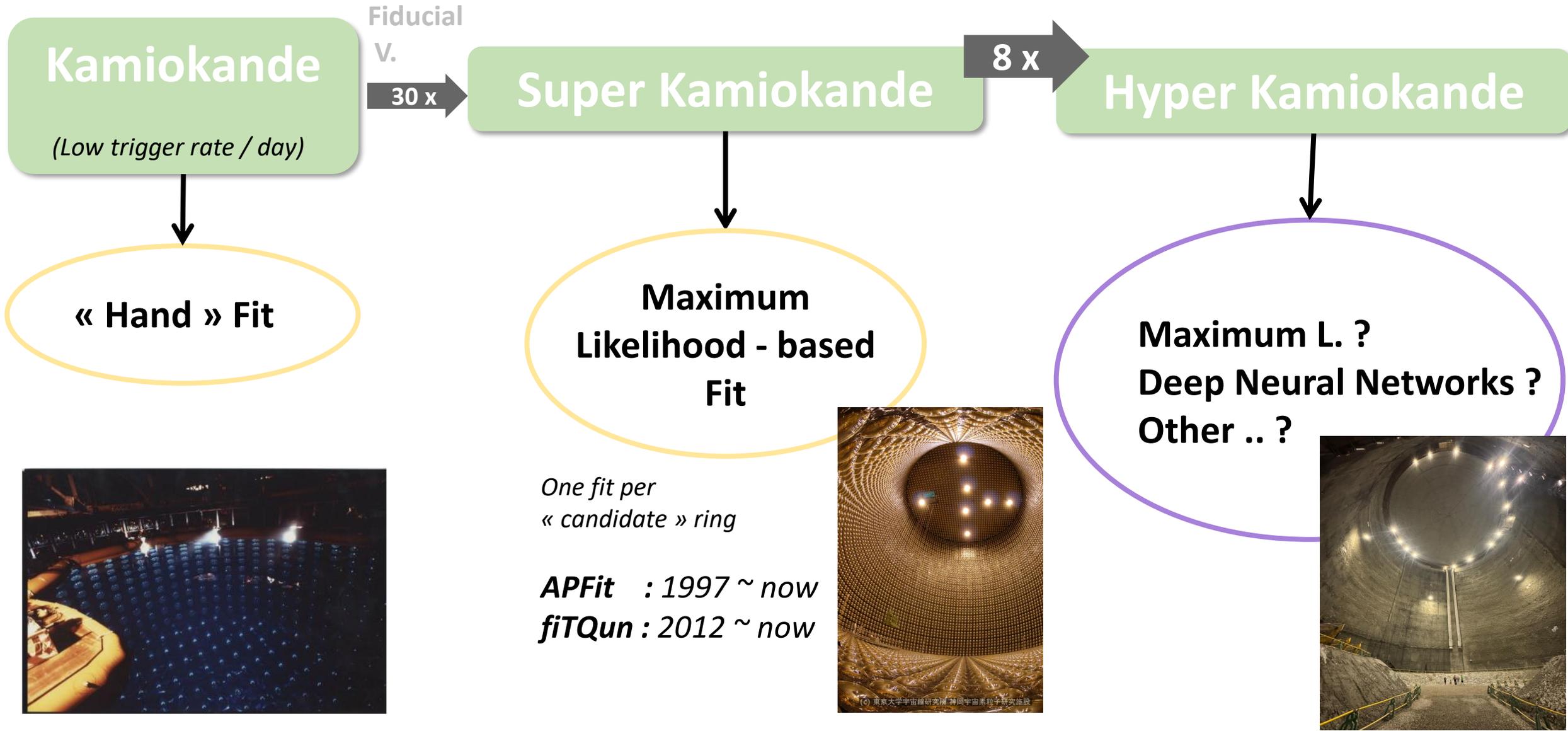
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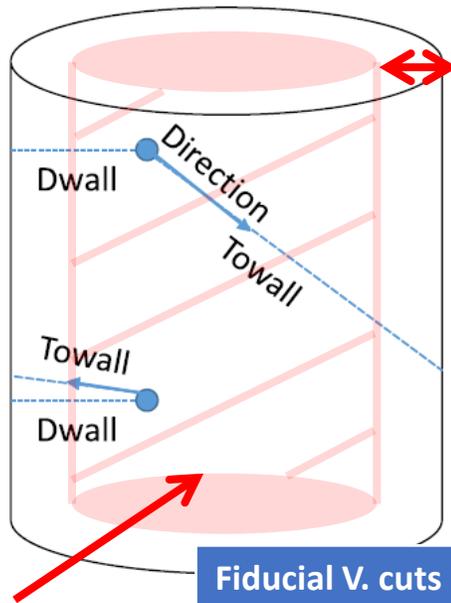
# Reconstruction algorithms & Their Evolutions



# Main limitations of current algorithms

- Multi rings events**

*(mainly from very energetic neutrinos)*



dwall cut

- Fiducial Volume**

*Limited performances close to the edges  
=> Limited statistics*

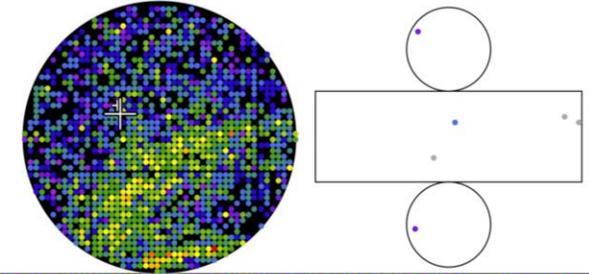
Fiducial V. cuts	Super K (cm)	T2K (cm)
Dwall	> 50	> 80
Towall	X	> 170

*M. Jiang D. Thesis,  
Atmospheric ν, 2019*

*T2K, TN465 v1.1,  
2024 (for e<sup>-</sup>)*

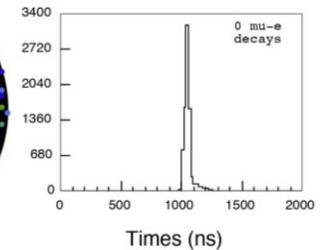
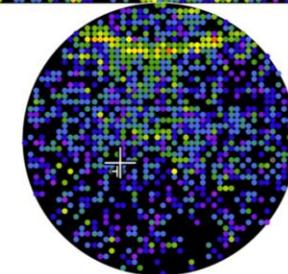
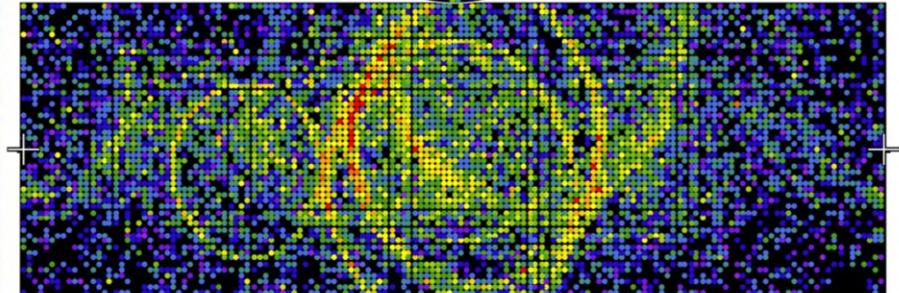
## Super-Kamiokande IV

```
Run 999999 Sub 2 Event 7
16-04-13:05:43:18
Inner: 8104 hits, 30188 pe
Outer: 3 hits, 2 pe
Trigger: 0x07
D_wall: 1130.7 cm
Evis: 3.3 GeV
```



## Charge (pe)

- >26.7
- 23.3-26.7
- 20.2-23.3
- 17.3-20.2
- 14.7-17.3
- 12.2-14.7
- 10.0-12.2
- 8.0-10.0
- 6.2- 8.0
- 4.7- 6.2
- 3.3- 4.7
- 2.2- 3.3
- 1.3- 2.2
- 0.7- 1.3
- 0.2- 0.7
- < 0.2



- Computational Time**

~30 seconds / event in **Super K**

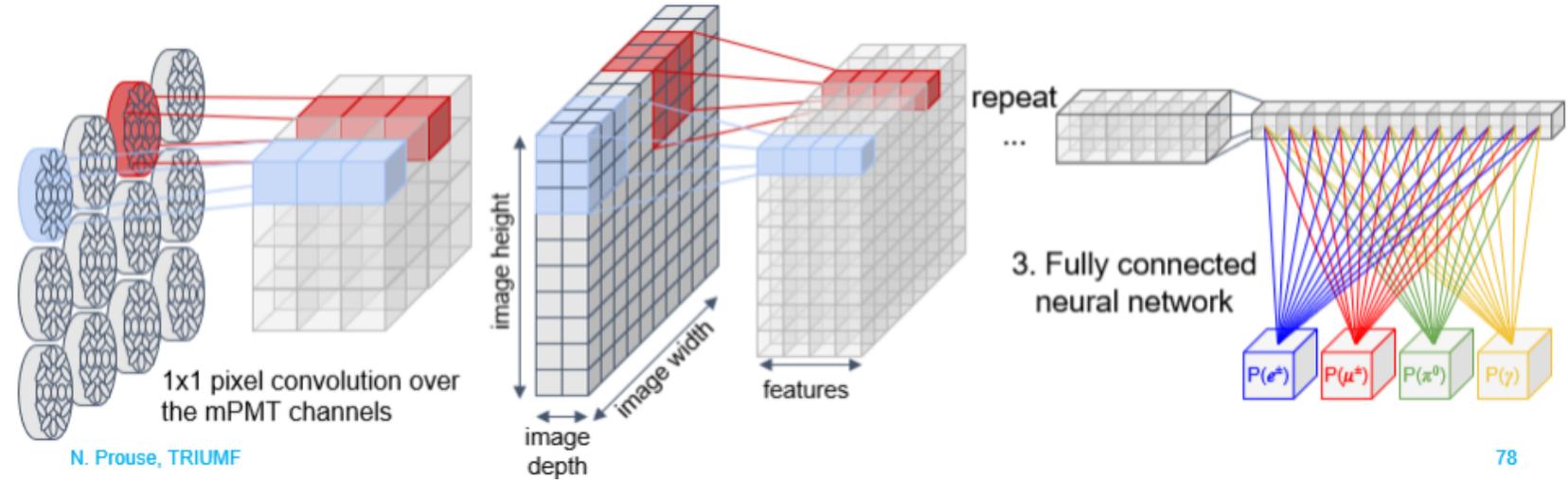
~1:30 minute / event in **Hyper K**

# Adapting Neural Networks

# Deep Neural Networks : Main architectures

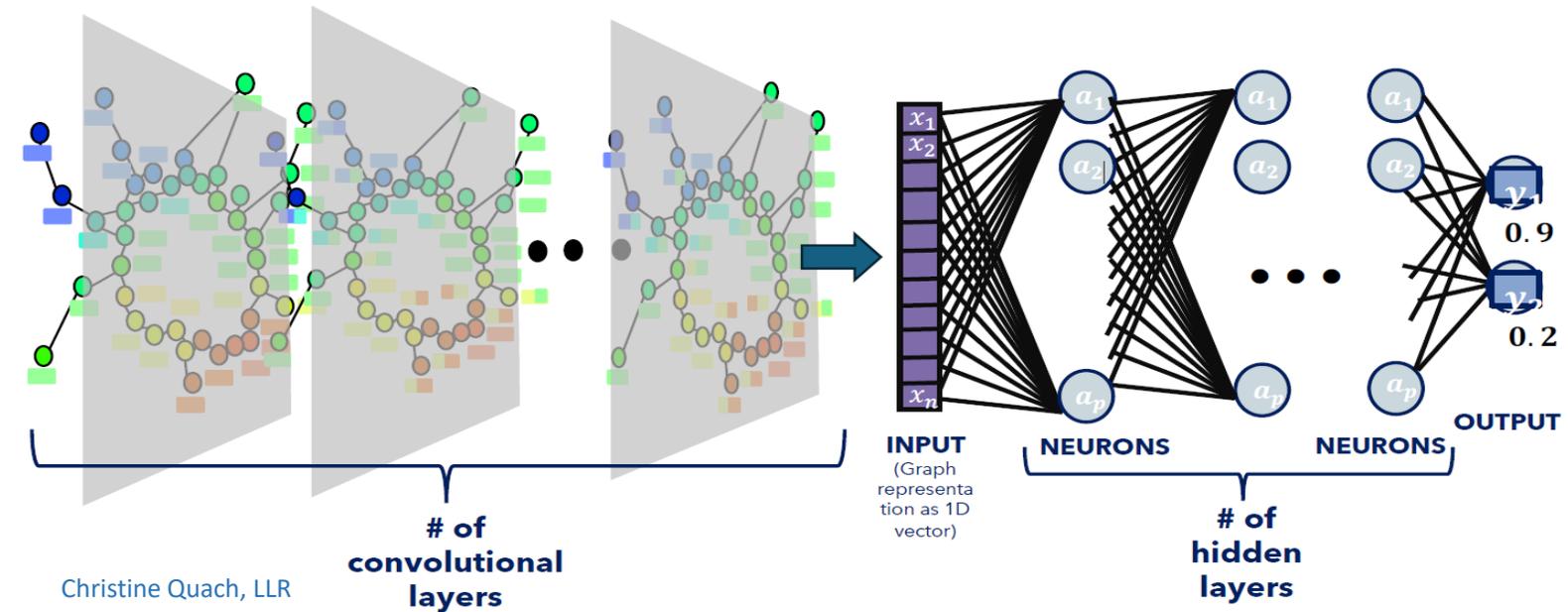
## Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN)

« Adaptation » of the *convolution product* to deep neural networks



## Graph Neural Networks (GNN)

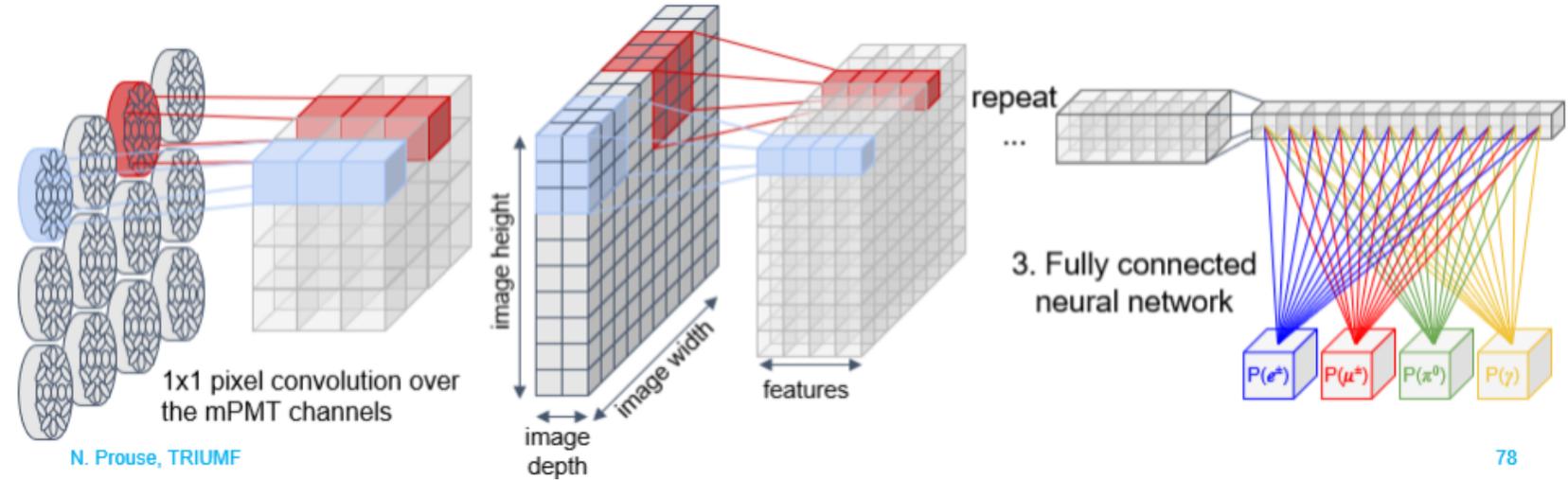
« Generalization of the convolution product to *non-euclidian data* »



# Deep Neural Networks : Main architectures

## Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN)

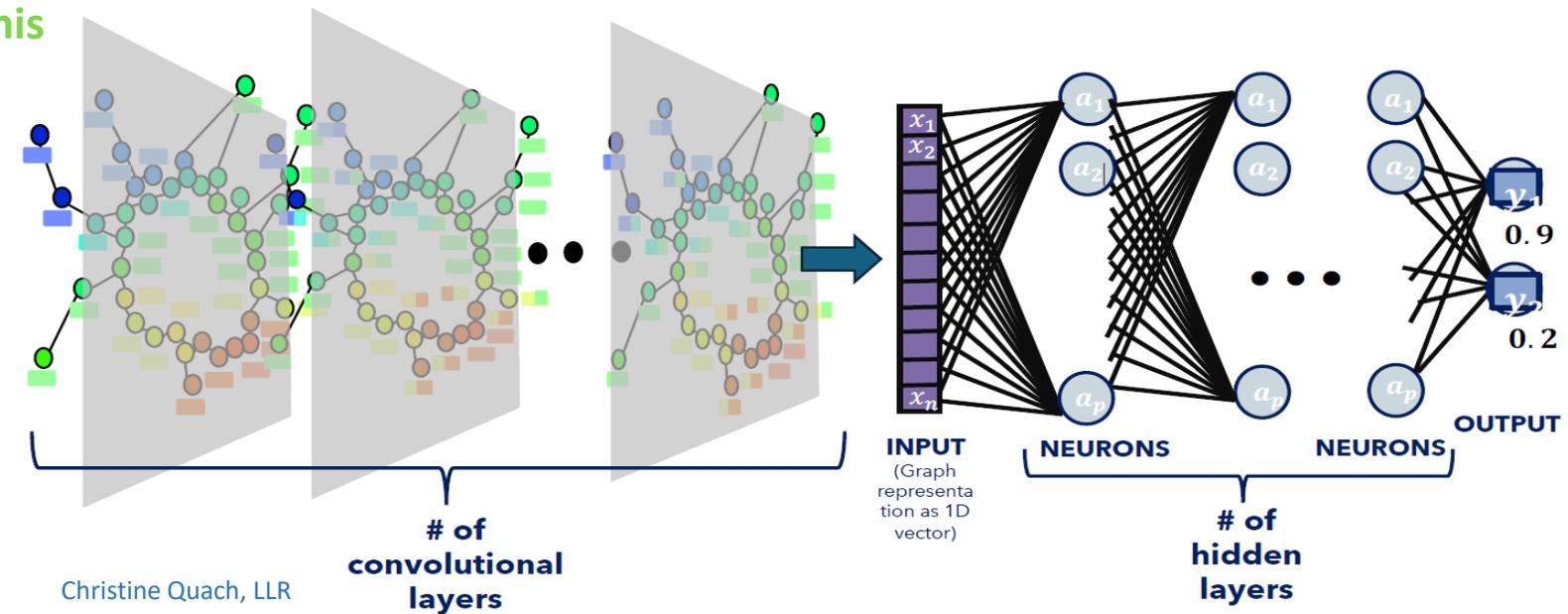
« Adaptation » of the *convolution product* to deep neural networks



Focus on this

## Graph Neural Networks (GNN)

« Generalization of the convolution product to *non-euclidian data* »



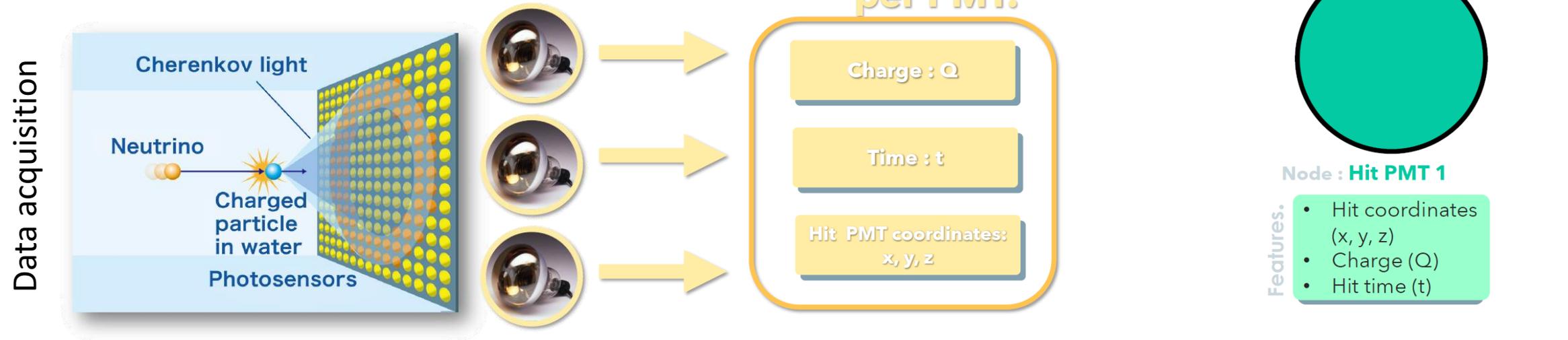
# Making a graph

1<sup>st</sup> step : Get a Point Cloud

2<sup>nd</sup> step : Build edges to link the points = **define locality**

# Making a graph

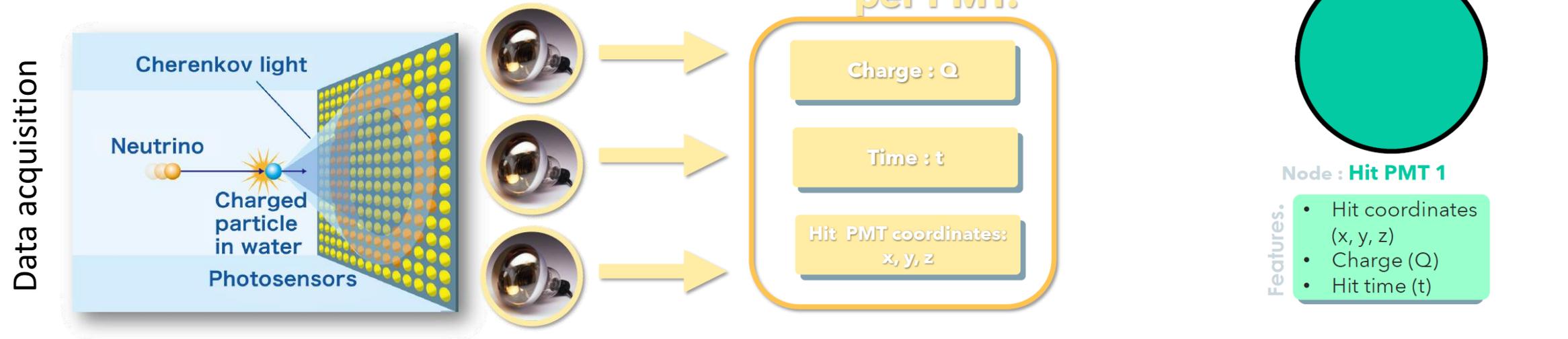
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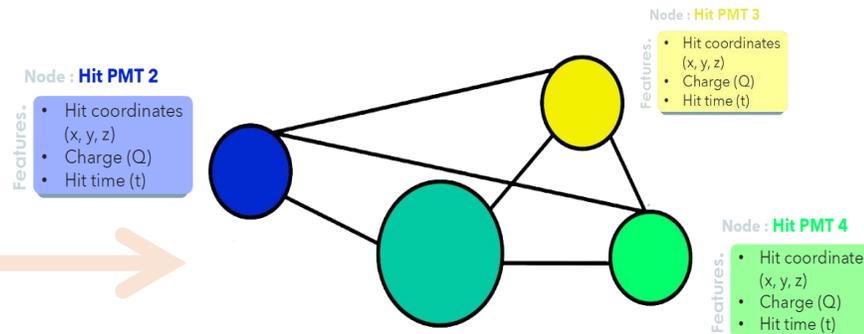
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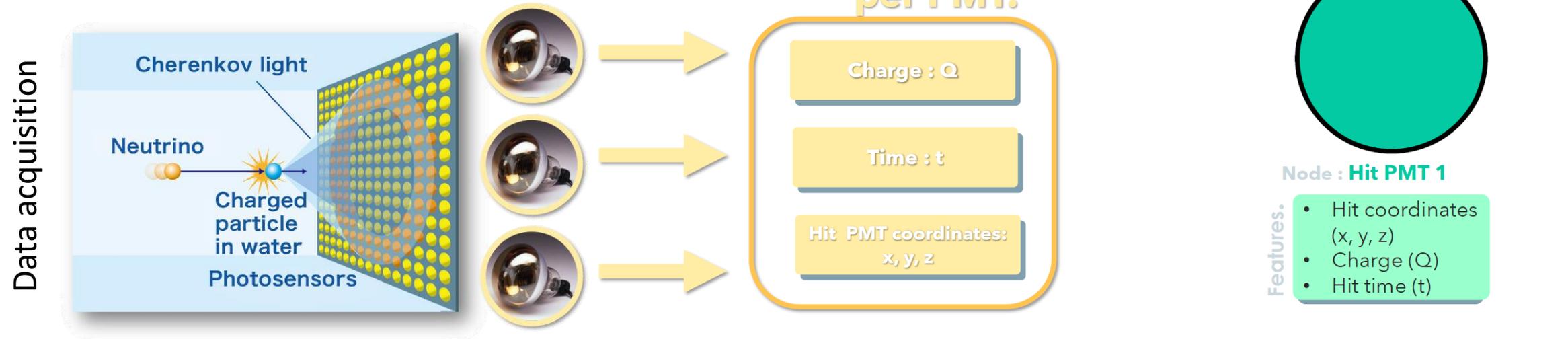
### Edges Criteria freedom:

- Physical proximity ?
- Time ?
- Charge ?



# Making a graph

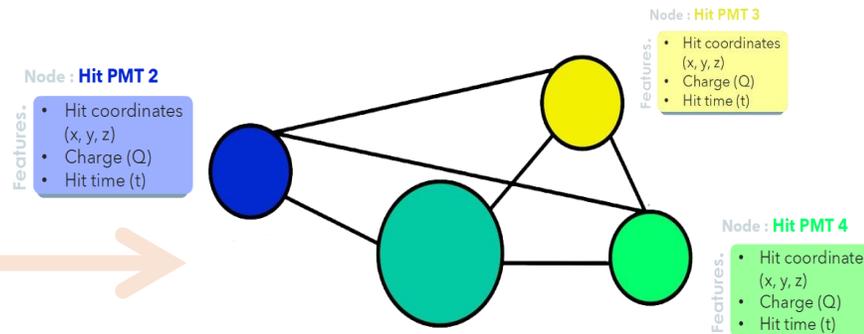
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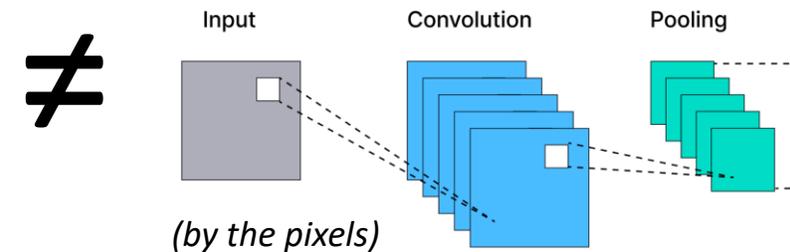
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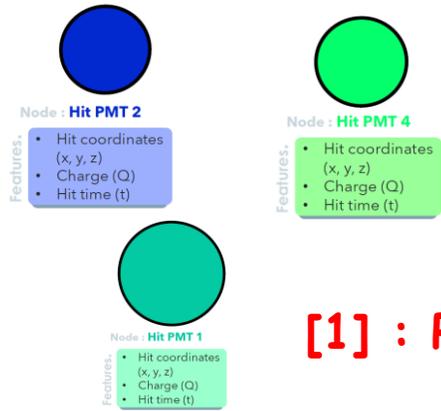
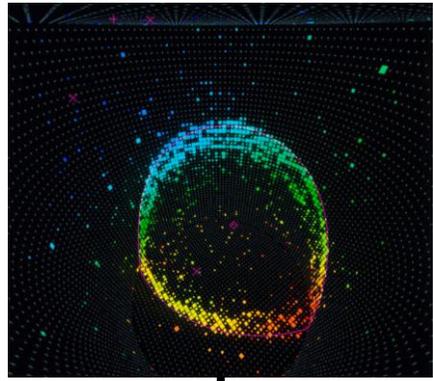
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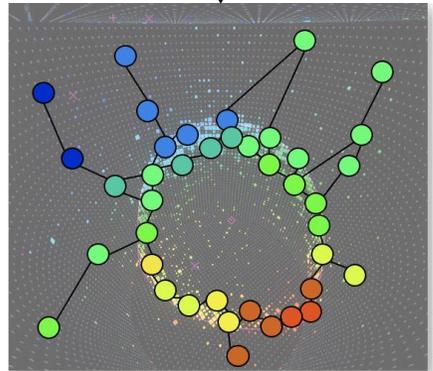
### Images where **locality** is **imposed**



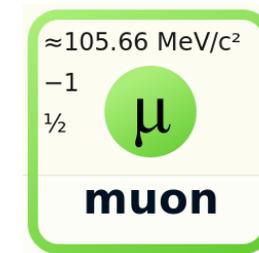
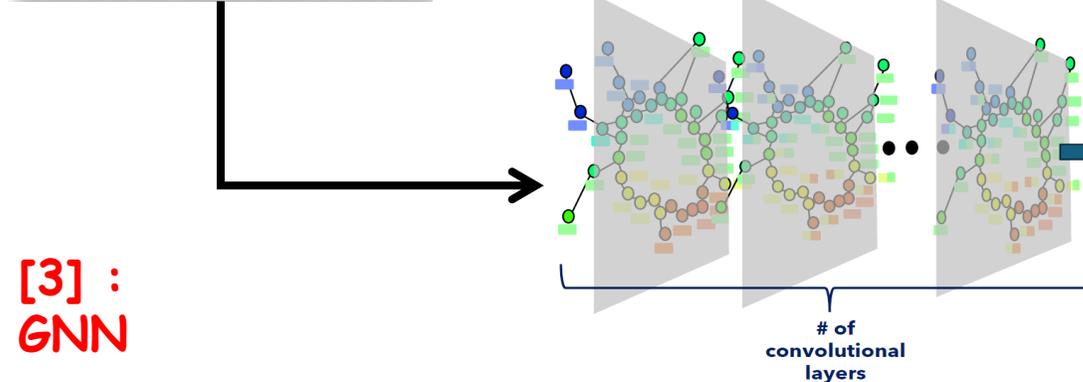
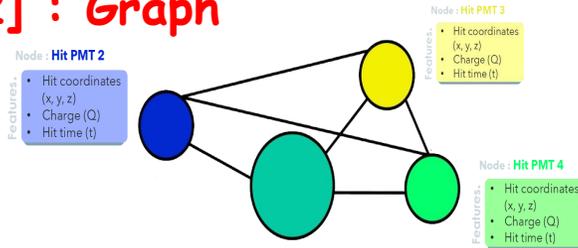
# Pipeline for GNNs : Summary



[1] : Point Cloud



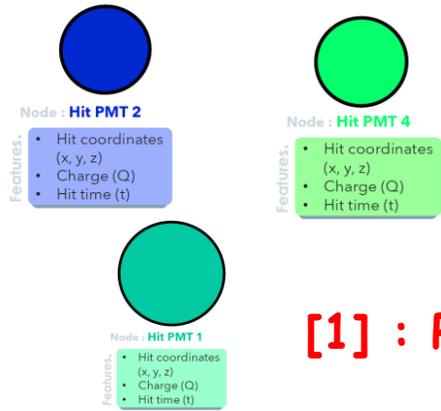
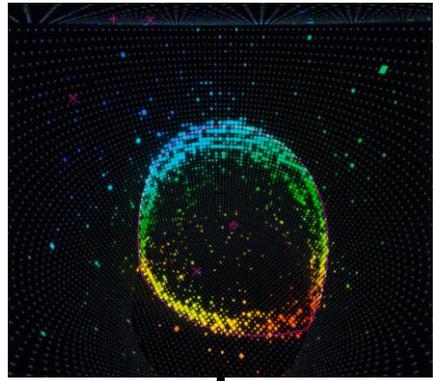
[2] : Graph



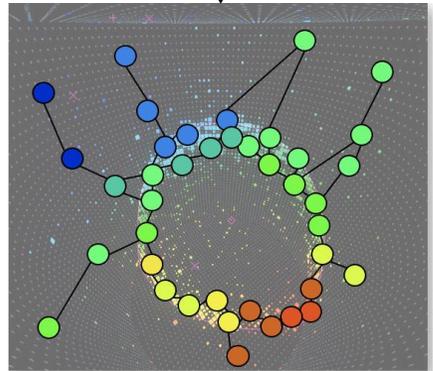
- Direction
- Energy
- Vertex

[4] : Reconstructed data

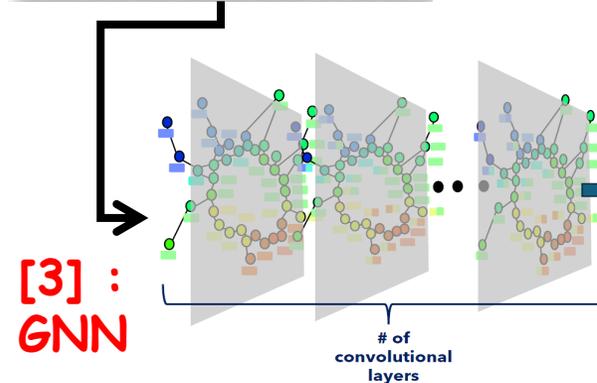
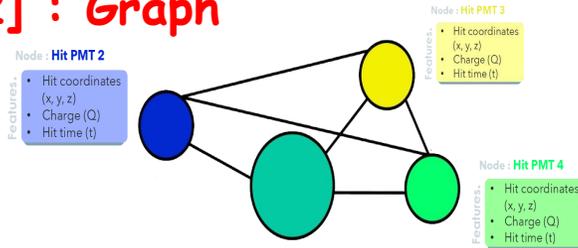
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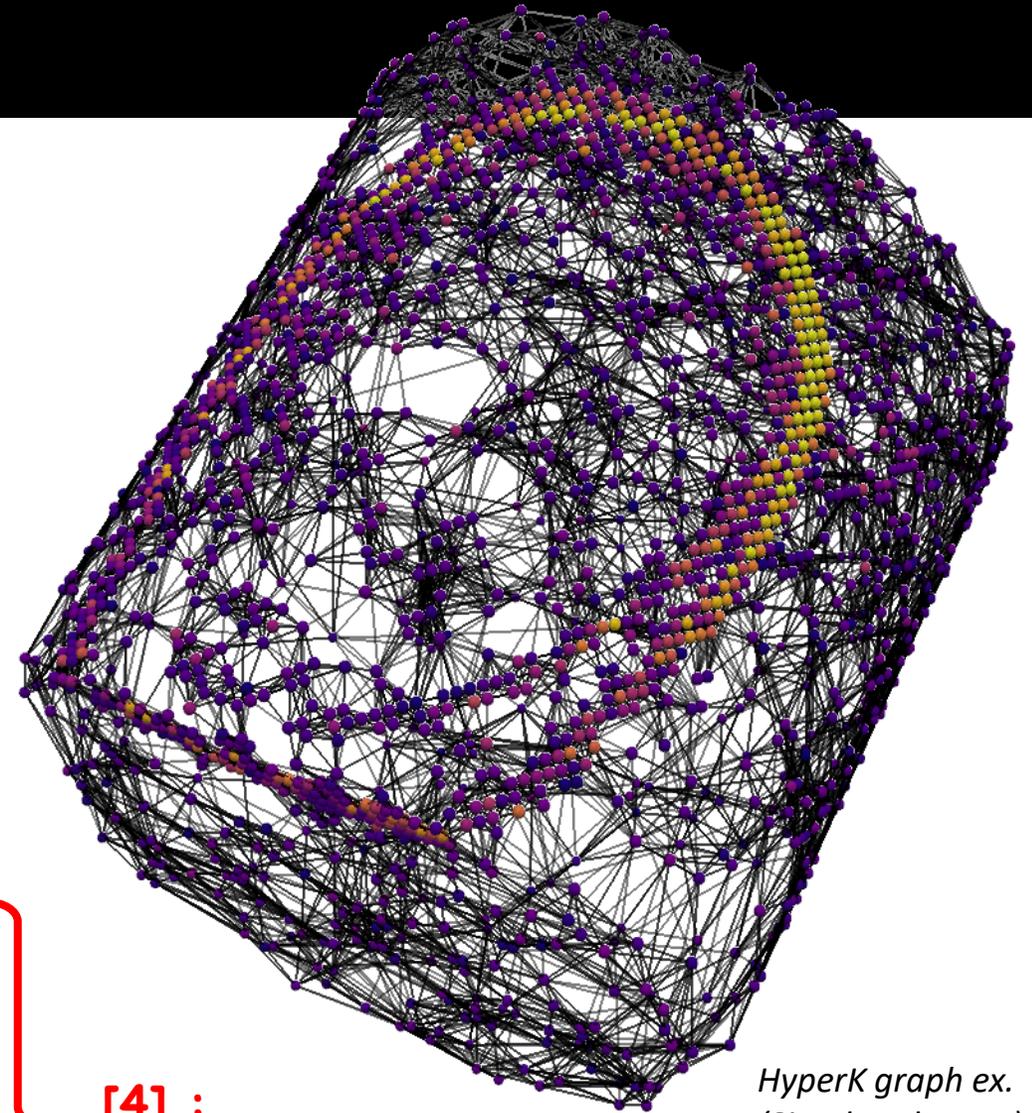
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$\approx 105.66 \text{ MeV}/c^2$   
-1  
 $\frac{1}{2}$   $\mu$   
muon

- Direction
- Energy
- Vertex

[4] : Reconstructed data



HyperK graph ex.  
(Simulated event)

# Reconstruction status

fiTQun & GNNs  
Comparison

# Performance Comparison | PID - ROC Curves

Particle Identification

1. Roc Curves

2. Dwall

3. Towall

**Efficiency** : Rec. Positive **And** True Positive / Total true **positive**  $\longrightarrow$  (*capacity to find the true class*)

**Acceptance** : Rec. Positive **But** True Negative / Total true **negative**

# Performance Comparison | PID - ROC Curves

Particle Identification

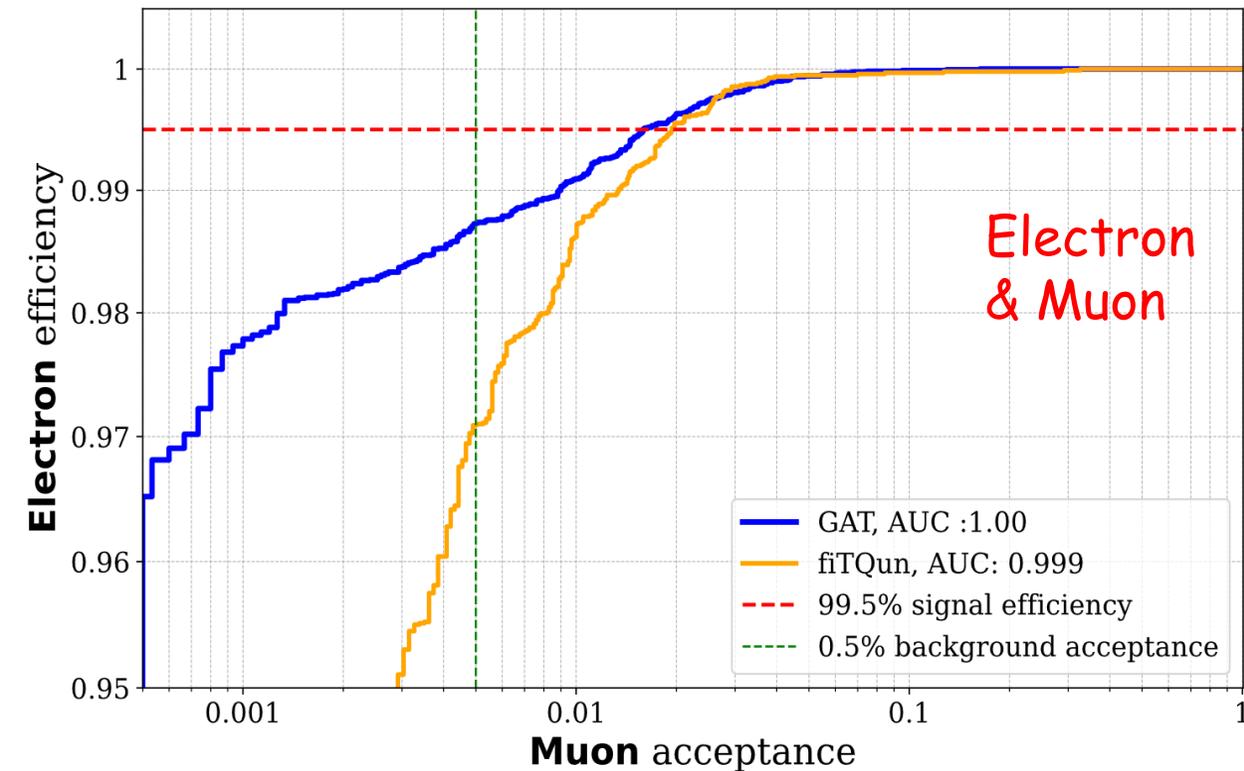
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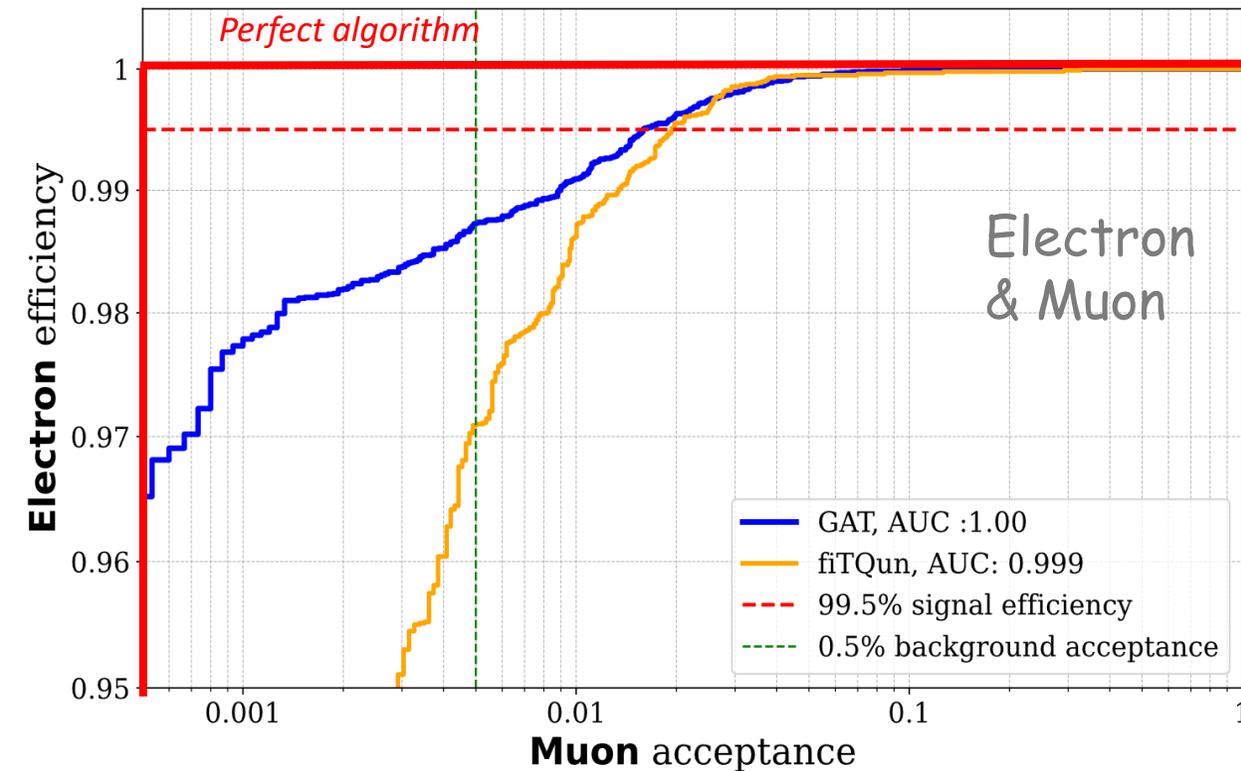
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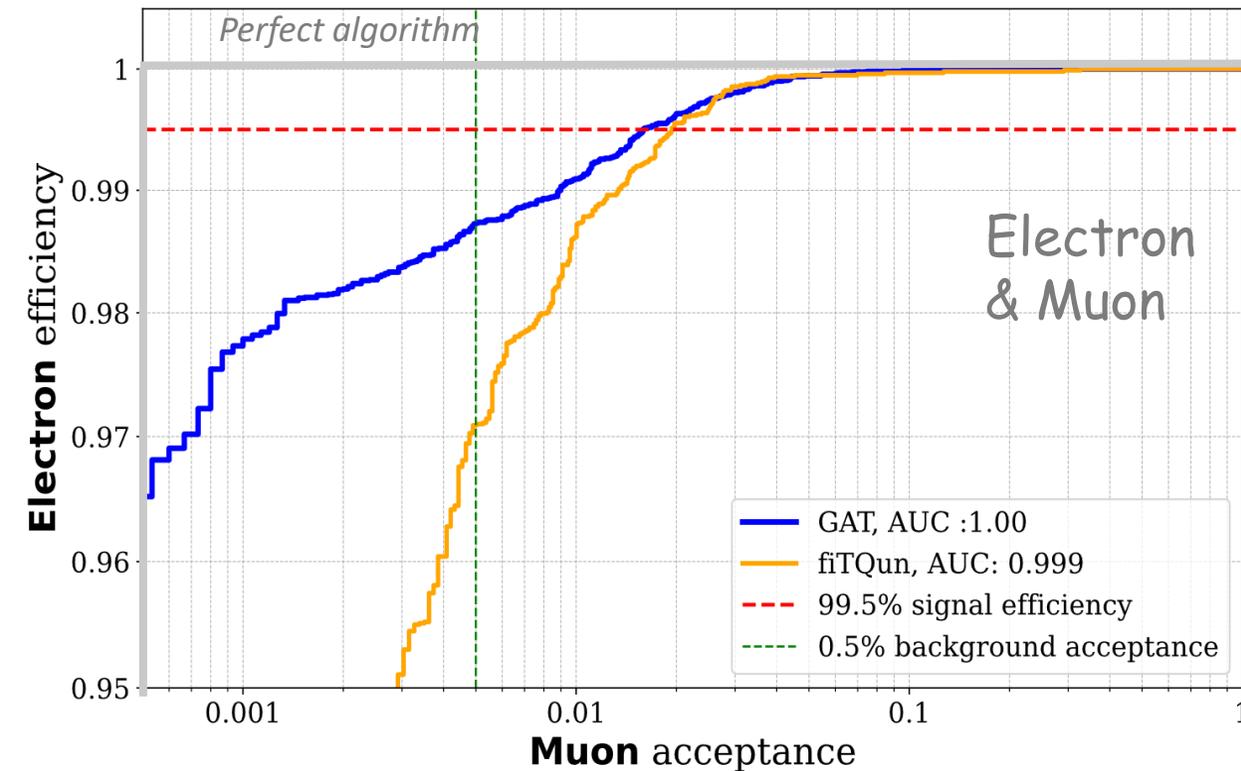
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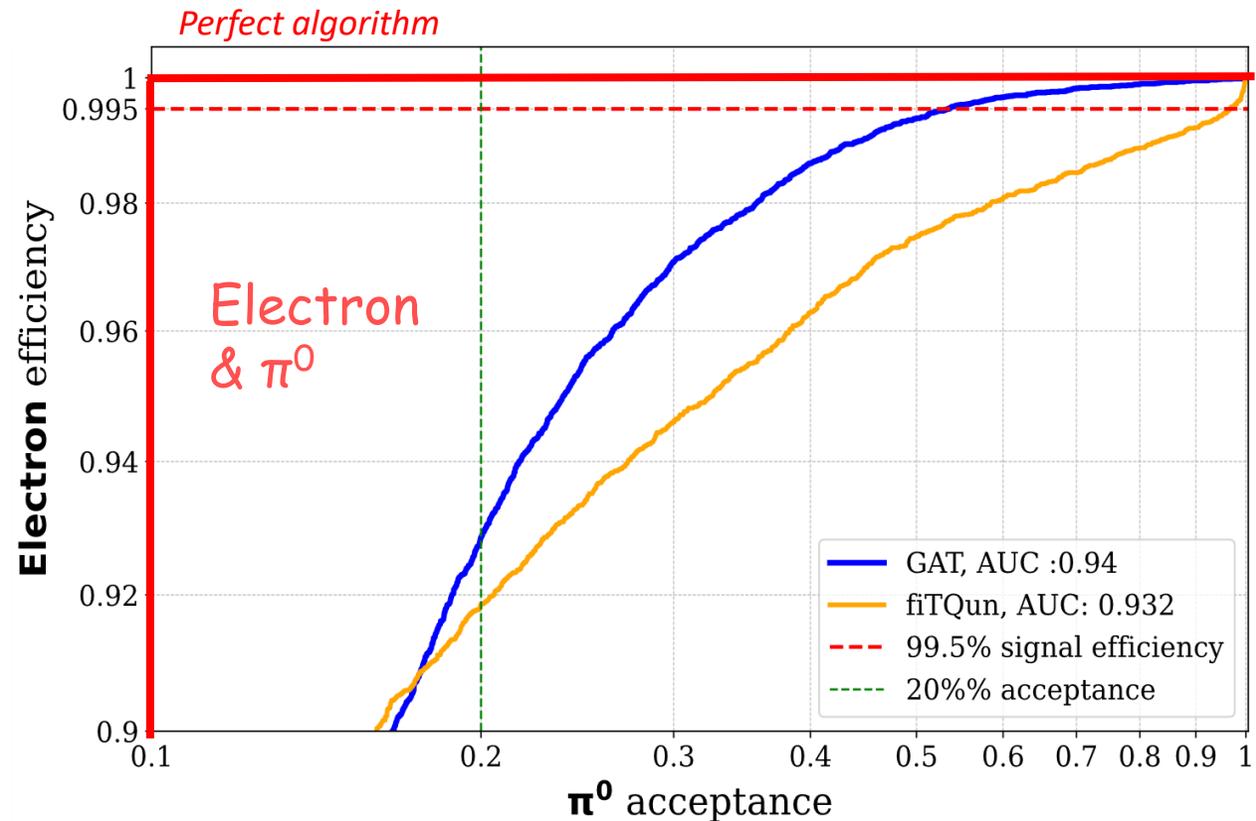
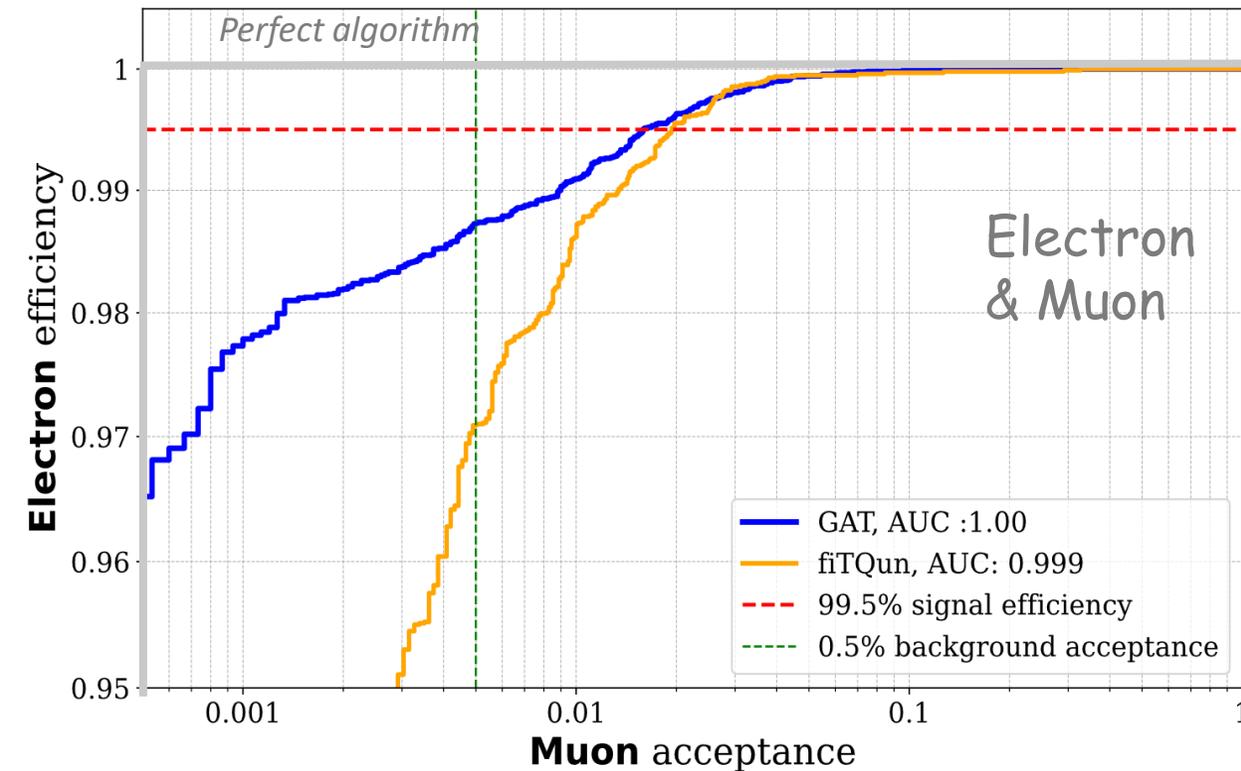
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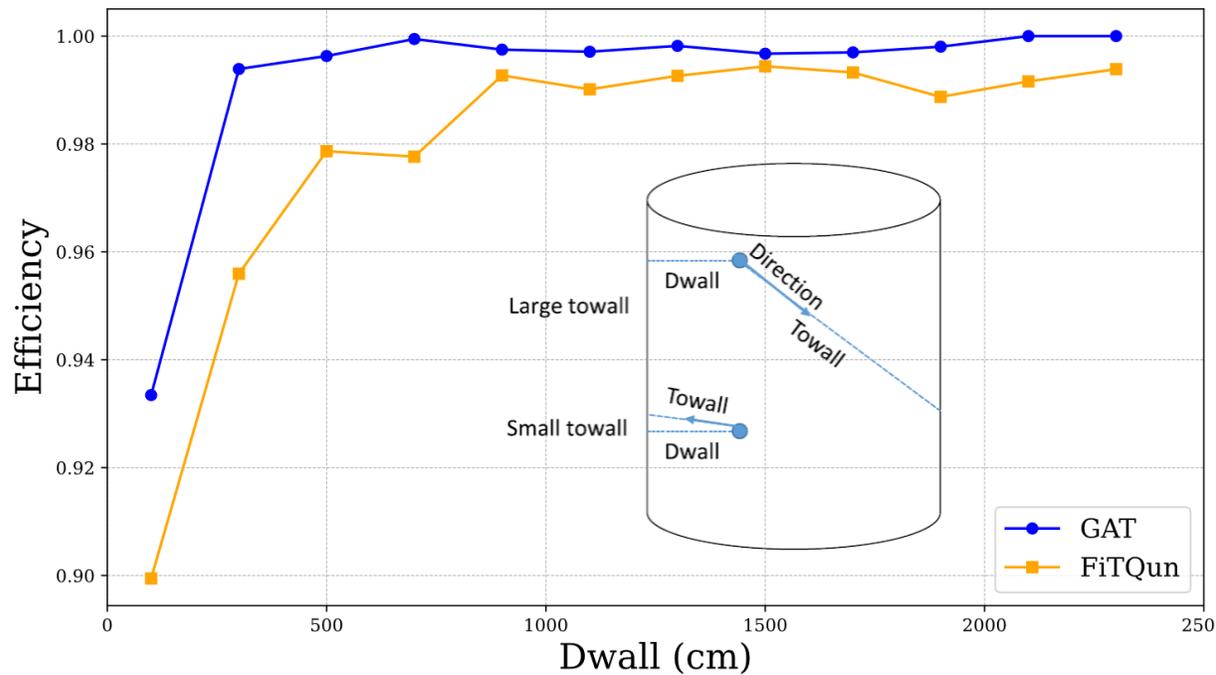
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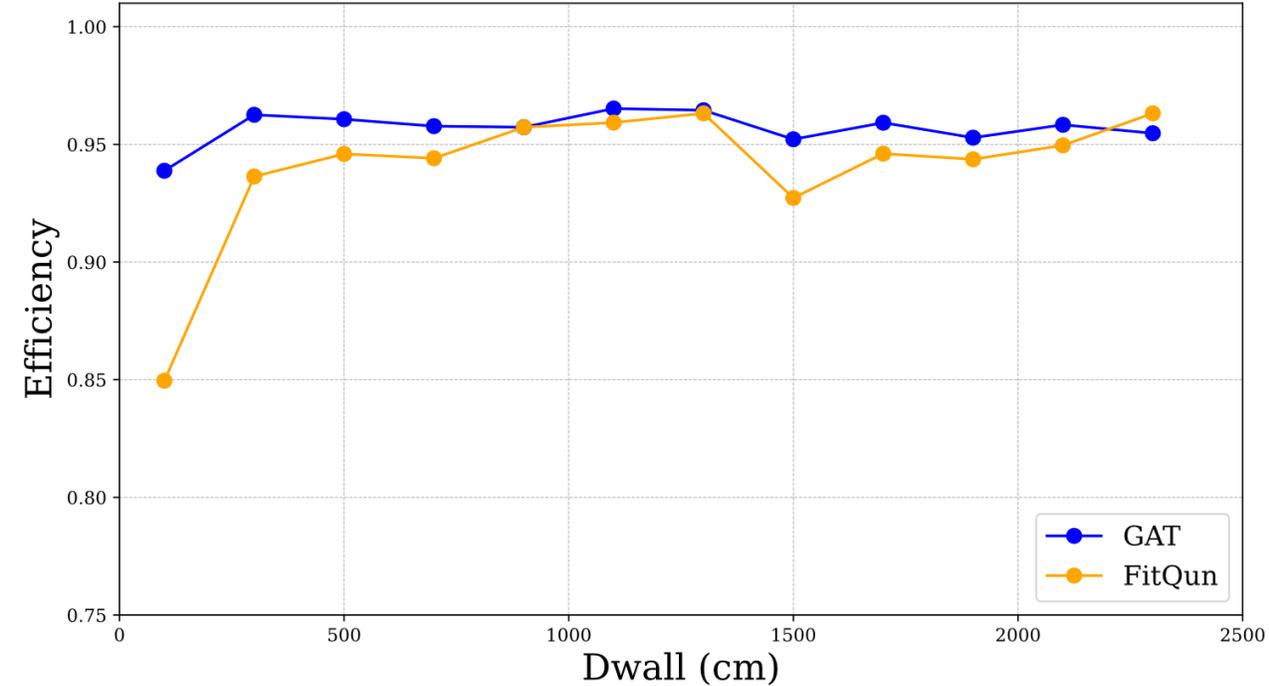
3. Towall

Monitor Fiducial  
Volume cut impact

Electron & Muon



Electron &  $\pi^0$



# Performance Comparison | PID - Dwall

Particle Identification

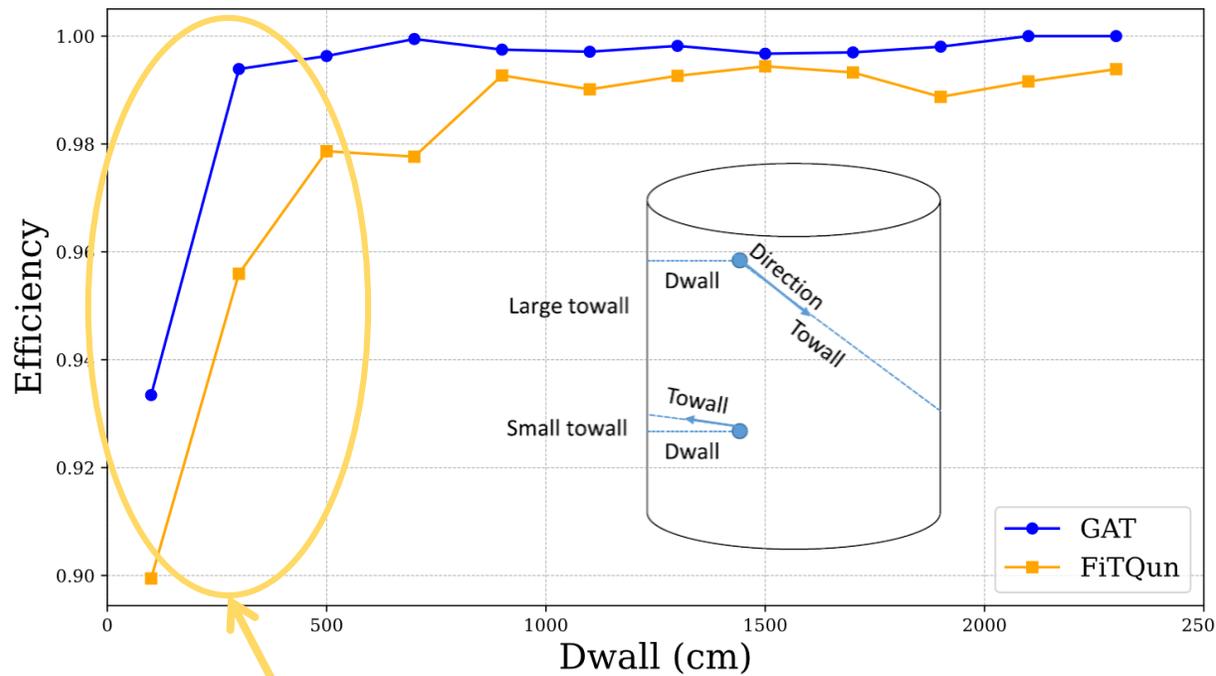
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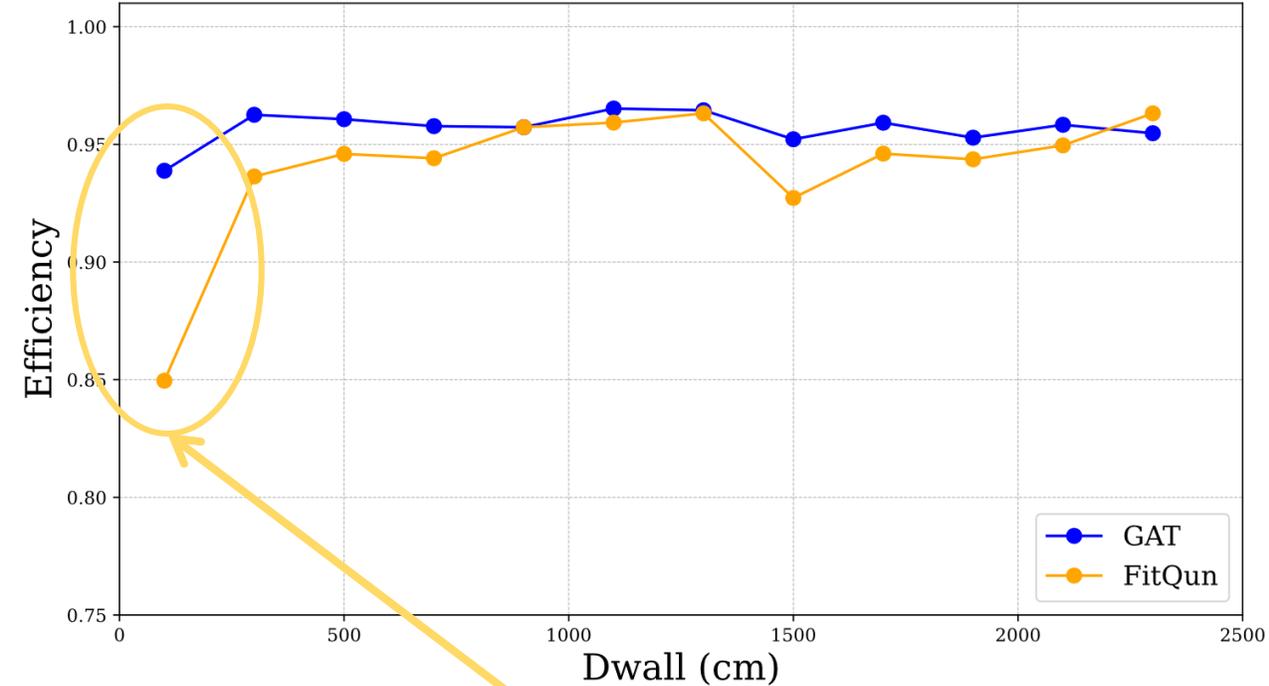
Monitor Fiducial  
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Electron & Muon



Efficiency  
improvement

Electron &  $\pi^0$



Efficiency  
improvement

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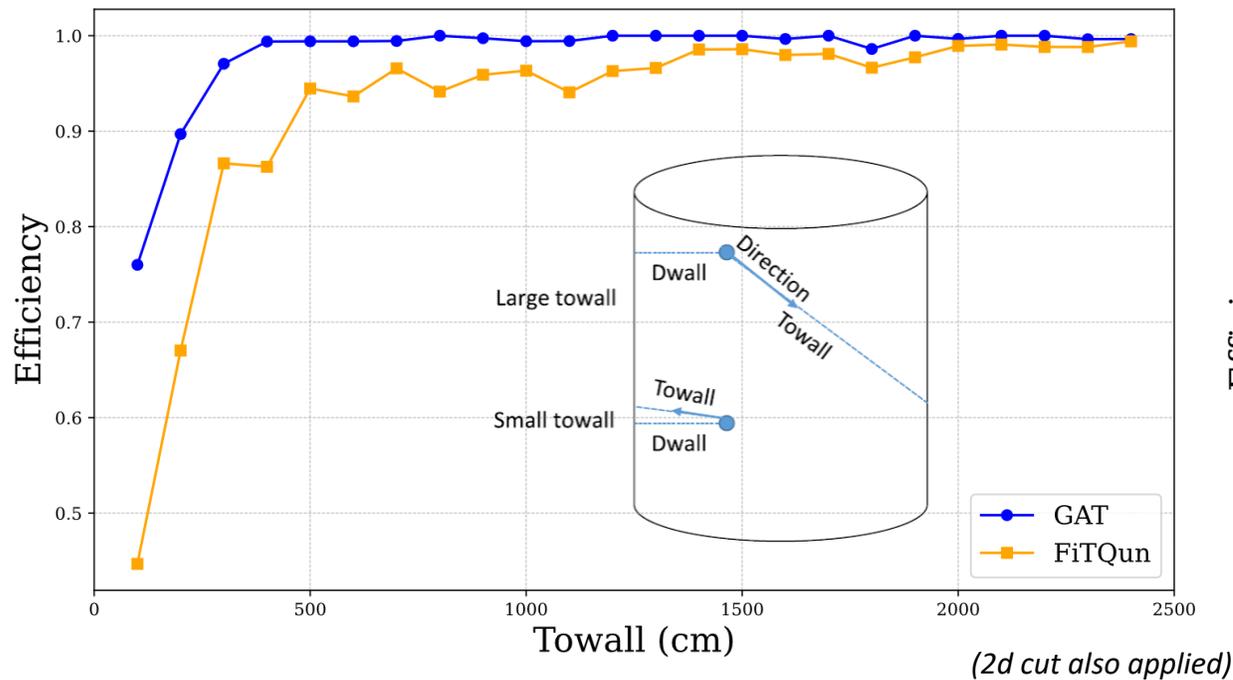
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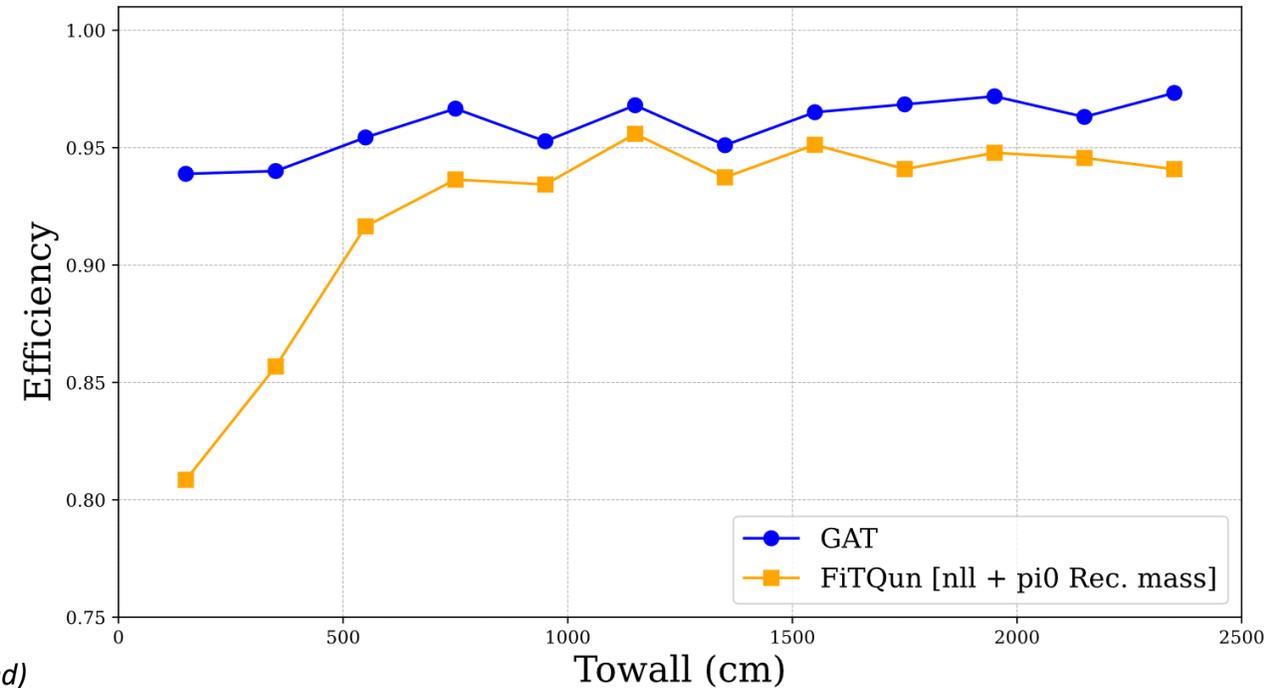
3. Towall

*Resilience to low  
number of hit PMTs*

Electron & Muon



Electron &  $\pi^0$



# Performance Comparison | PID - Towall

Particle Identification

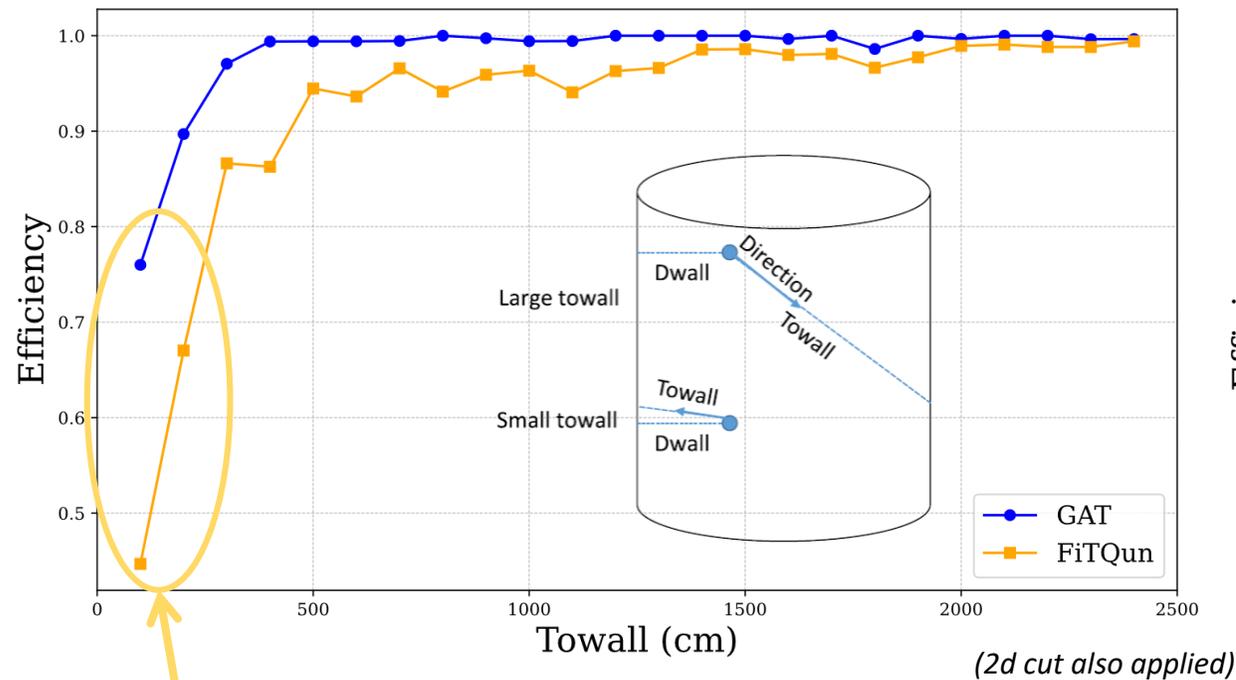
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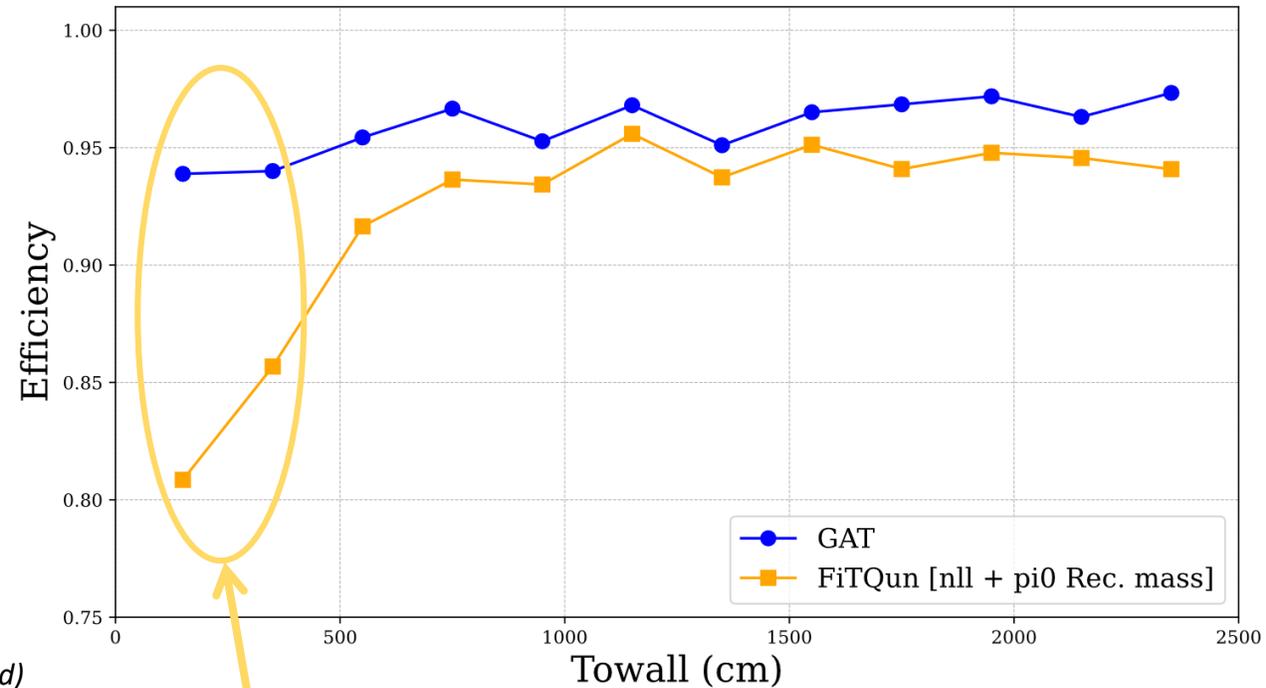
3. Towall

*Resilience to low number of hit PMTs*

Electron & Muon



Electron &  $\pi^0$



Efficiency

More than 20% improvement under 2m !

Efficiency

# Final states & Prospects

- **Graph Neural Networks**

- **Multi rings fitting** *To be started soon*
  - Single Ring | Direction & **Vertex** : Ongoing
- **Computation Time**
  - Excellent improvements

	fiTQun	GAT
e- / $\mu^-$ (0.5%)	97.1 % eff	<b>98.7 % eff</b>
e- / $\pi^0$ (25 %)	93.3% eff	<b>95.6 % eff</b>
Energy (e-, 500MeV)	6 % res <b>0.1 % bias</b>	<b>5.5 % res</b> 0.3 % bias

CPU time / event	1 ring e/ $\mu$ PID	1 ring e/ $\pi^0$ PID	Energy & vertex reco.	Total
fiTQun	30s	50s	Simultaneous to PID	80s
CAVERNNS	0.09s	0.07s	0.05s	0.11s

- **fiTQun**

- **Multi-threads & GPU** porting : Ongoing

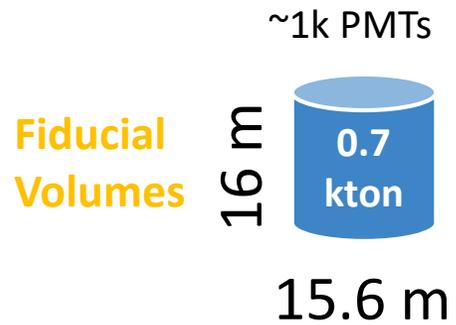
~ Order 2 gain

A grayscale photograph of a dam and reservoir. The dam is a large concrete structure with multiple spillways, situated in a valley between forested hills. A road with a few cars is visible on top of the dam. In the foreground, a curved structure, possibly a dam gate or a bridge, is partially submerged in the water. The sky is overcast with clouds, and several high-voltage power lines are visible in the upper right. The text "Thank you!" is overlaid in the center in a white, serif font.

Thank you !

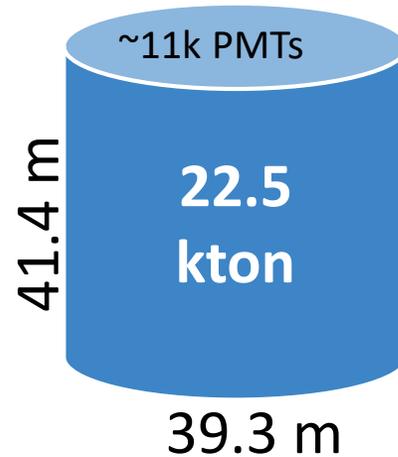
# The Three Generations

## Kamiokande



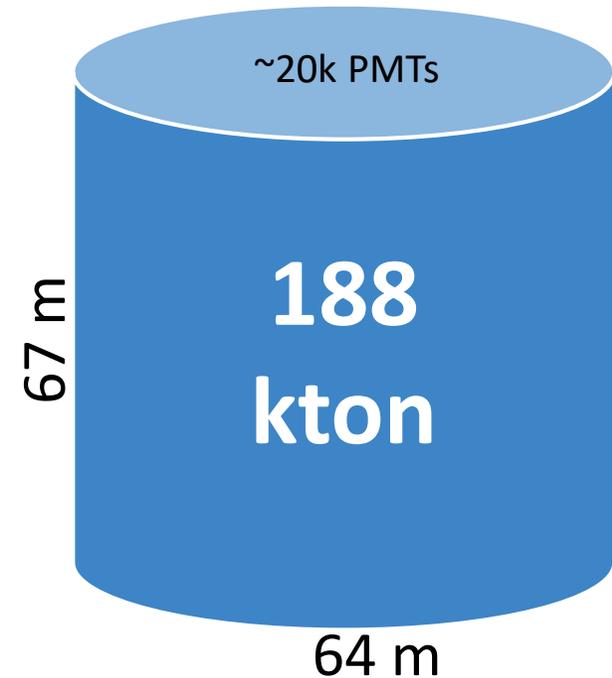
30 x

## Super-Kamiokande



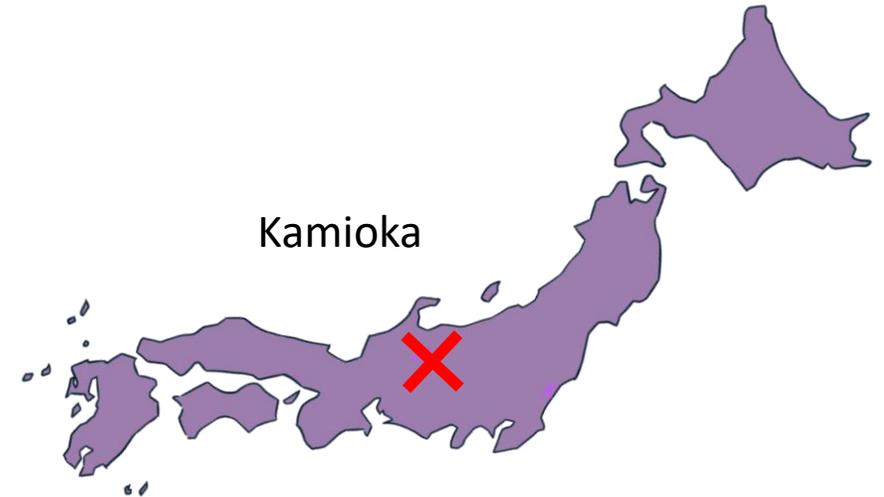
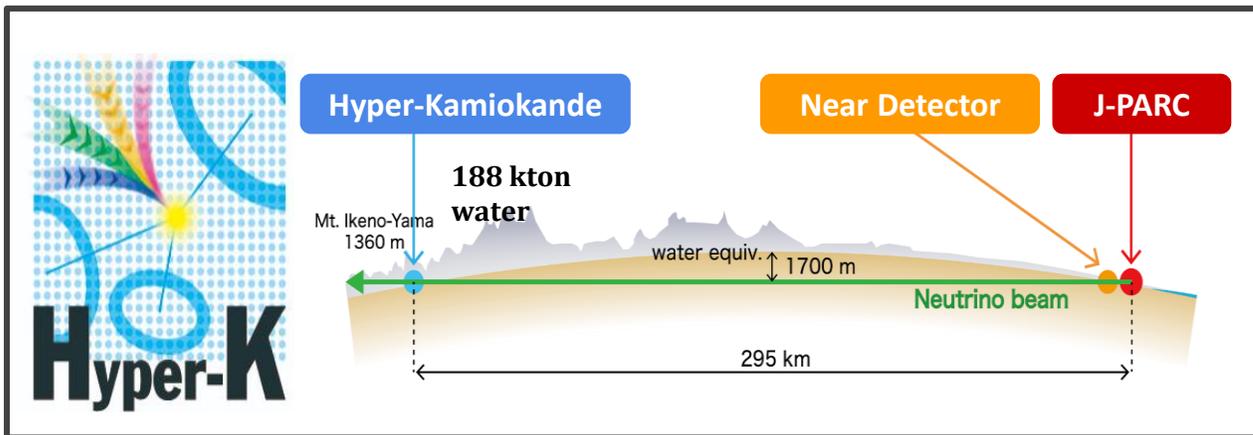
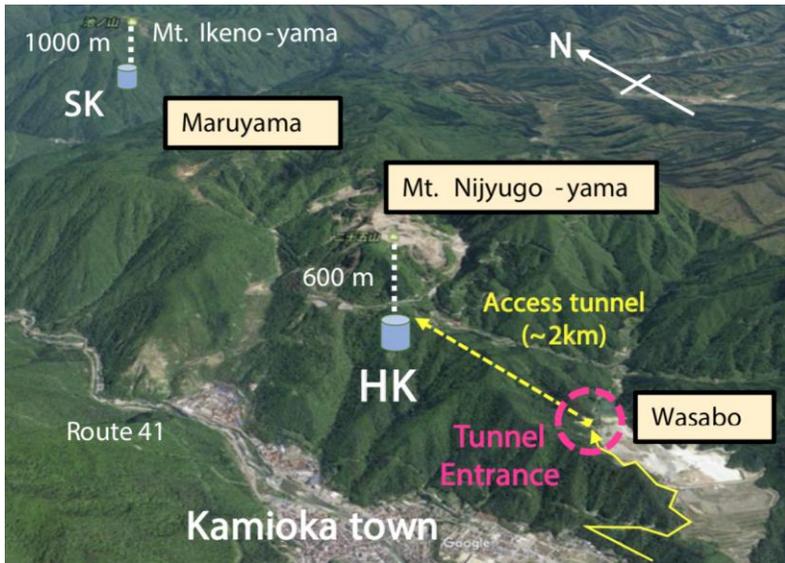
8 x

## Hyper-Kamiokande

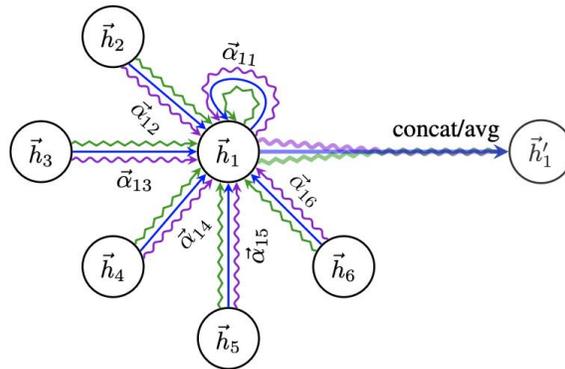
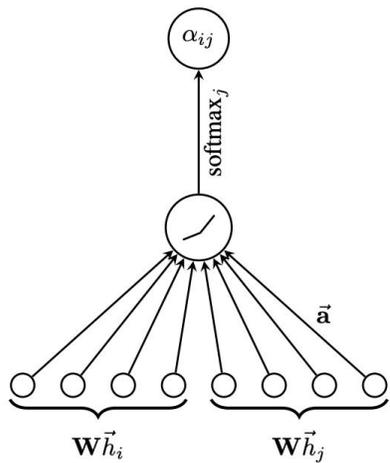


1983 - 1996	1996 - today (and beyond)	2028 - (and beyond)
Supernova 1987A	Atmospheric, Solar, and accelerator (T2K) $\nu$ Oscillation	$\delta_{cp}$ , proton decay, indirect DM search, more SNs, ...

# Hyper K



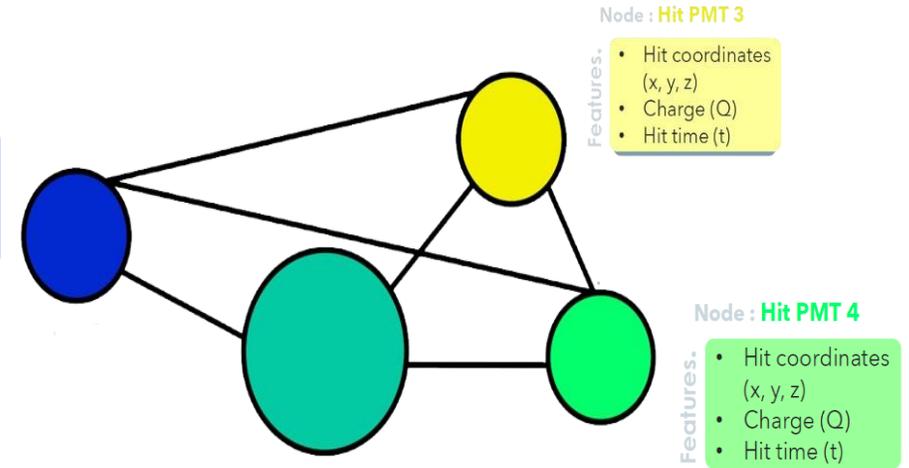
- Attention Mechanism applied to graph : GAT (Graph Attention neTwork)



Node : Hit PMT 2

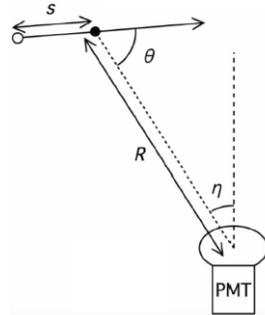
Features.

- Hit coordinates (x, y, z)
- Charge (Q)
- Hit time (t)



# Slides sur le fonctionnement de FQ

$$L(\mathbf{x}) = \prod_j^{\text{unhit}} P_j(\text{unhit}|\mu_j) \prod_i^{\text{hit}} \{1 - P_i(\text{unhit}|\mu_j)\} f_q(q_i|\mu_j) f_t(t_i|\mathbf{x}).$$



$\mu_j$  : Poisson mean of predicted charge  
 $\mathbf{x}$  : predicted time

## Hypothesis

[PID, direction, energy, vertex],

direction (H1)

$$L(\mathbf{x}) = \prod_j^{\text{unhit}} P_j(\text{unhit}|\mu_j) \prod_i^{\text{hit}} \{1 - P_i(\text{unhit}|\mu_j)\} f_q(q_i|\mu_j) f_t(t_i|\mathbf{x}).$$

direction (H2)

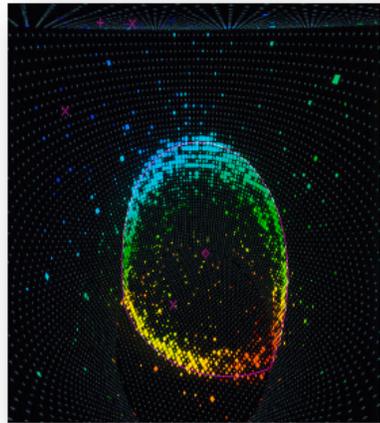
$$L(\mathbf{x}) = \prod_j^{\text{unhit}} P_j(\text{unhit}|\mu_j) \prod_i^{\text{hit}} \{1 - P_i(\text{unhit}|\mu_j)\} f_q(q_i|\mu_j) f_t(t_i|\mathbf{x}).$$

...

direction (Hn)

$$L(\mathbf{x}) = \prod_j^{\text{unhit}} P_j(\text{unhit}|\mu_j) \prod_i^{\text{hit}} \{1 - P_i(\text{unhit}|\mu_j)\} f_q(q_i|\mu_j) f_t(t_i|\mathbf{x}).$$

# FQ Under the hood



## Input parameters.

- Unhit PMT position
- Hit PMT position
- Charge (measured)
- Time (measured)

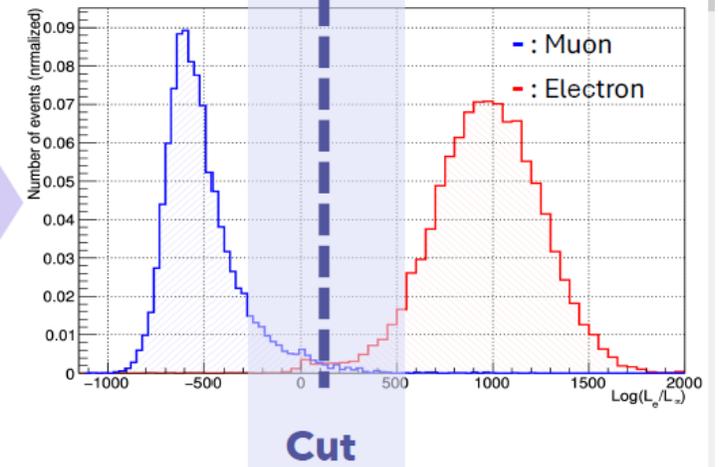
Under **hypothesis**

- **PID**
- **Direction**
- **Energy**
- **Vertex**

Compute and  
maximize the  
likelihood

$$L(\mathbf{x})$$

For example : PID e/mu



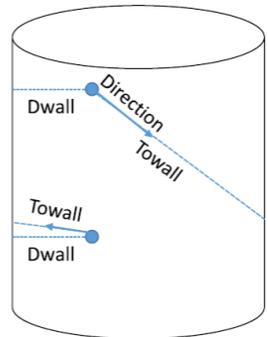
# PID

# Performance Comparison

## Particle Identification

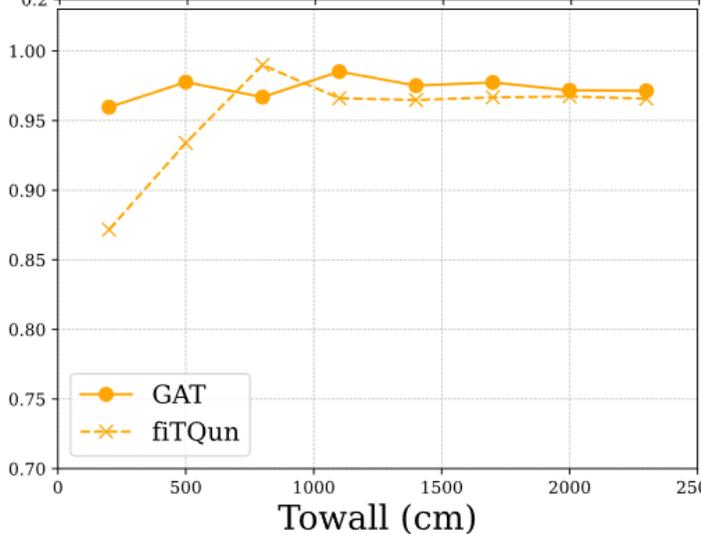
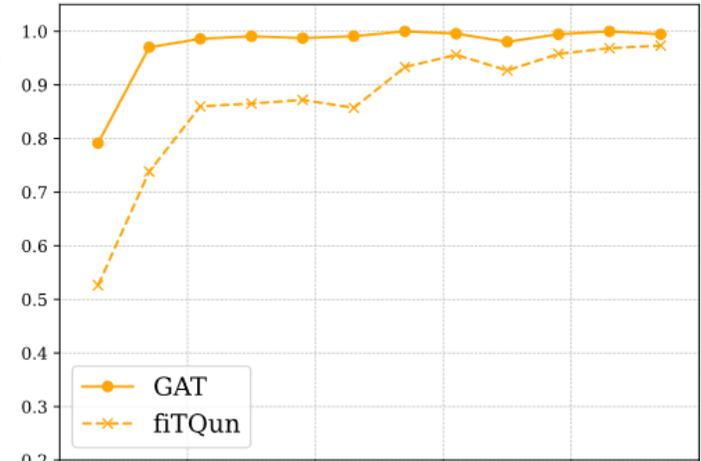
Electron & Muon

Electron &  $\pi^0$



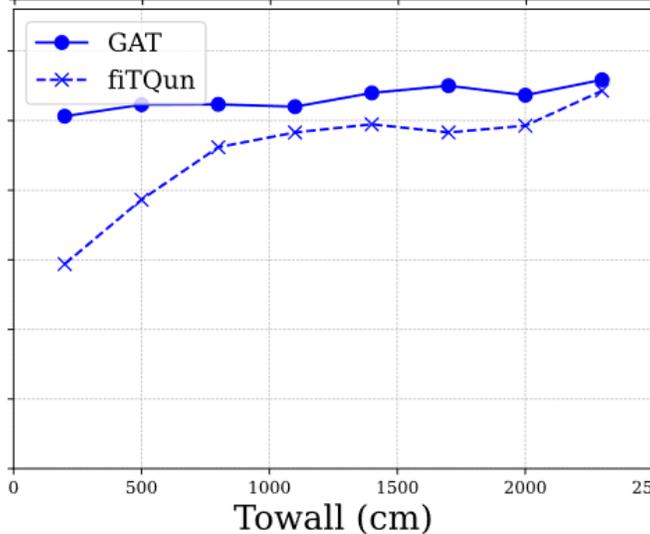
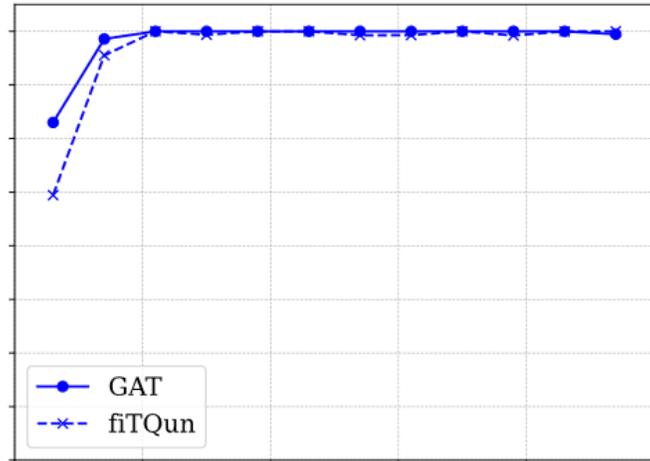
### 1. Roc Curves

**K. Energy  
100 - 400 MeV**



### 2. Dwall

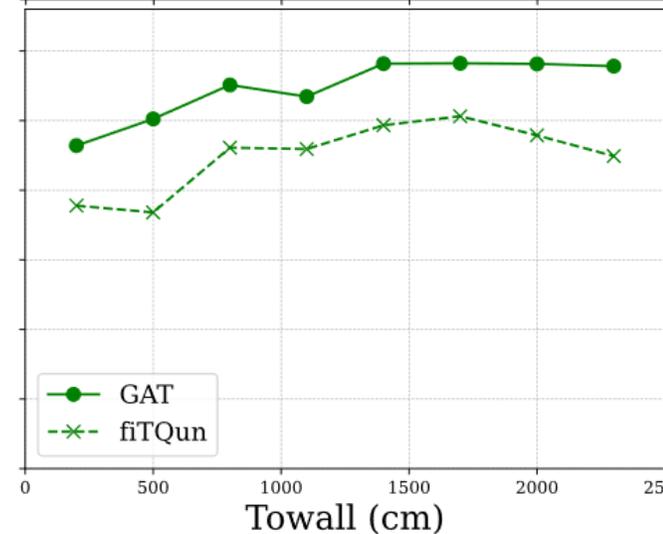
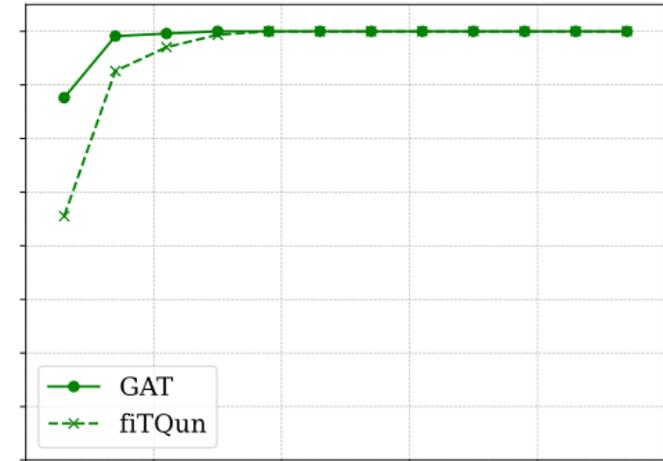
**K. Energy  
400 - 700 MeV** (T2K production peak)



### 3. Towall

### 4. Towall & Energy

**K. Energy  
700 - 1000 MeV**

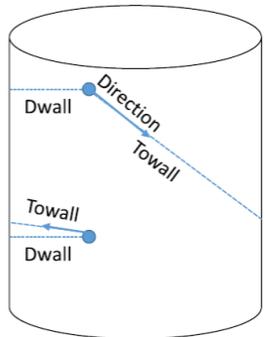


# Performance Comparison

## Particle Identification

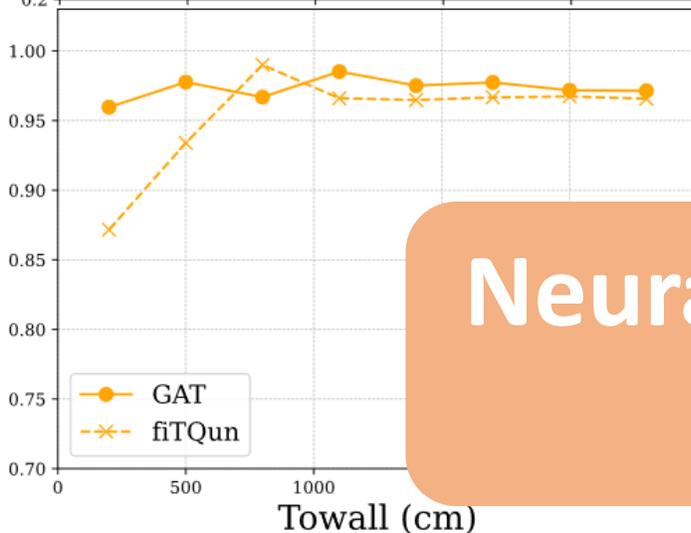
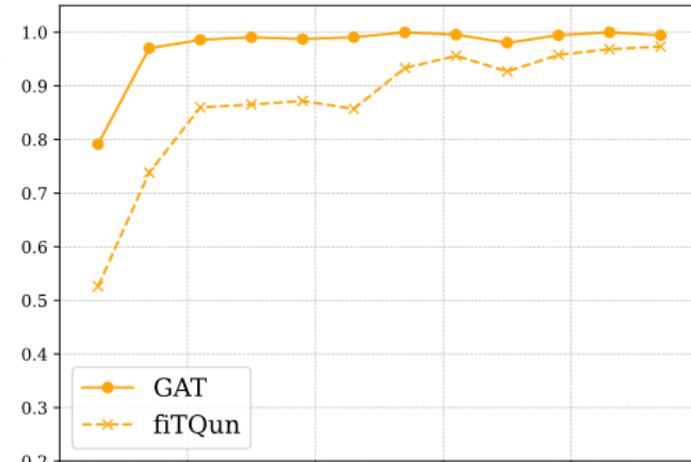
Electron & Muon

Electron &  $\pi^0$



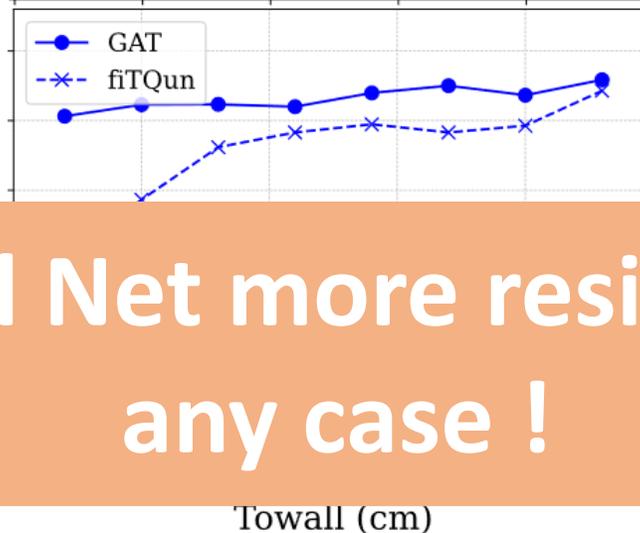
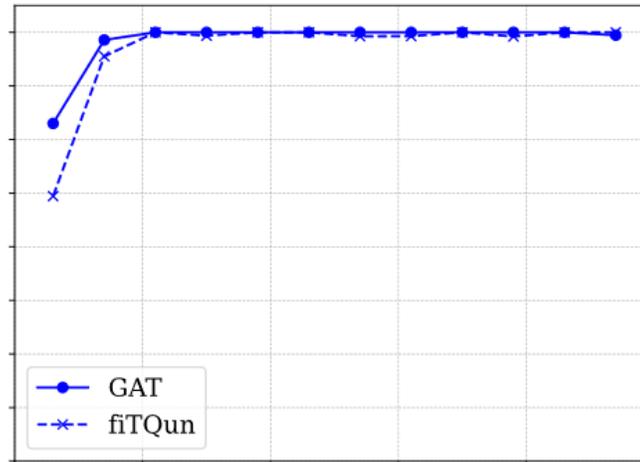
### 1. Roc Curves

K. Energy  
100 - 400 MeV



### 2. Dwall

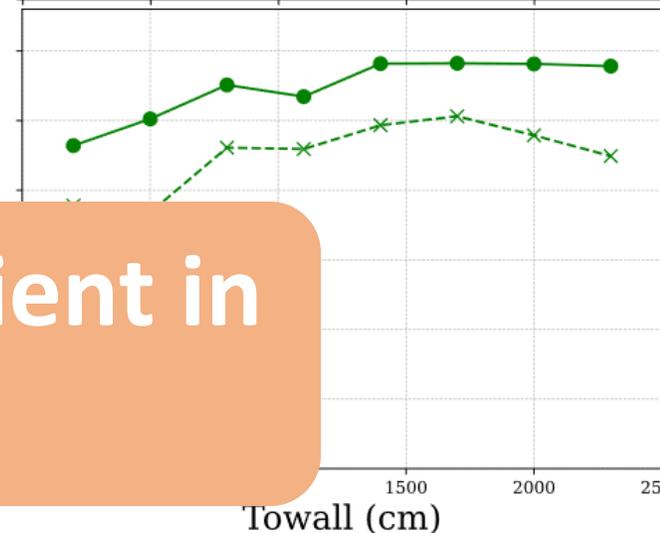
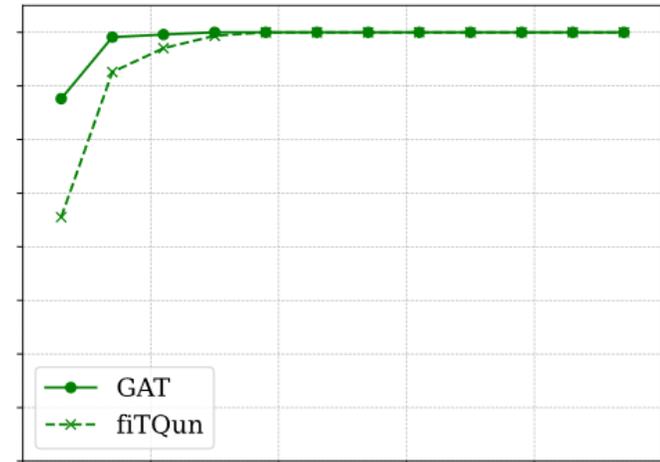
K. Energy  
400 - 700 MeV (T2K production peak)



### 3. Towall

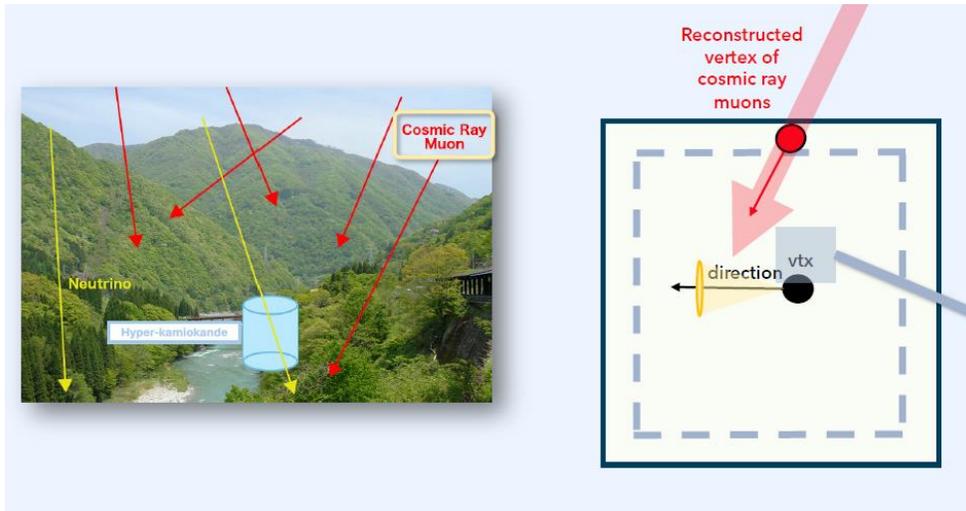
### 4. Towall & Energy

K. Energy  
700 - 1000 MeV



Neural Net more resilient in any case !

# Background : cosmic muon & pi0

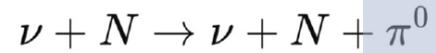


Importance of the resolution of

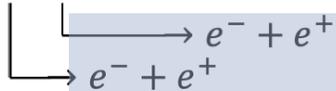
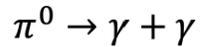
- **Direction**
- **vertex**

To be able to remove this background

## Pi0 background

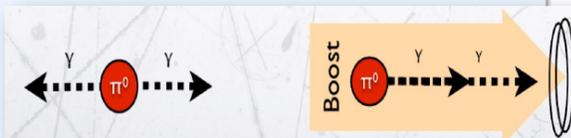


Pi0 decays like an electron ! :



- At high momentum, the 2 **gammas decay are very boosted** and the rings of **e+/e- overlap**, giving a 2 e-like rings.

- In some cases, **the 2 e-like rings overlap**.



Importance of reconstructing the  
- **Particle type**  
(e vs pi0) here

# Energy reco

# Performance Comparison

Electron Energy

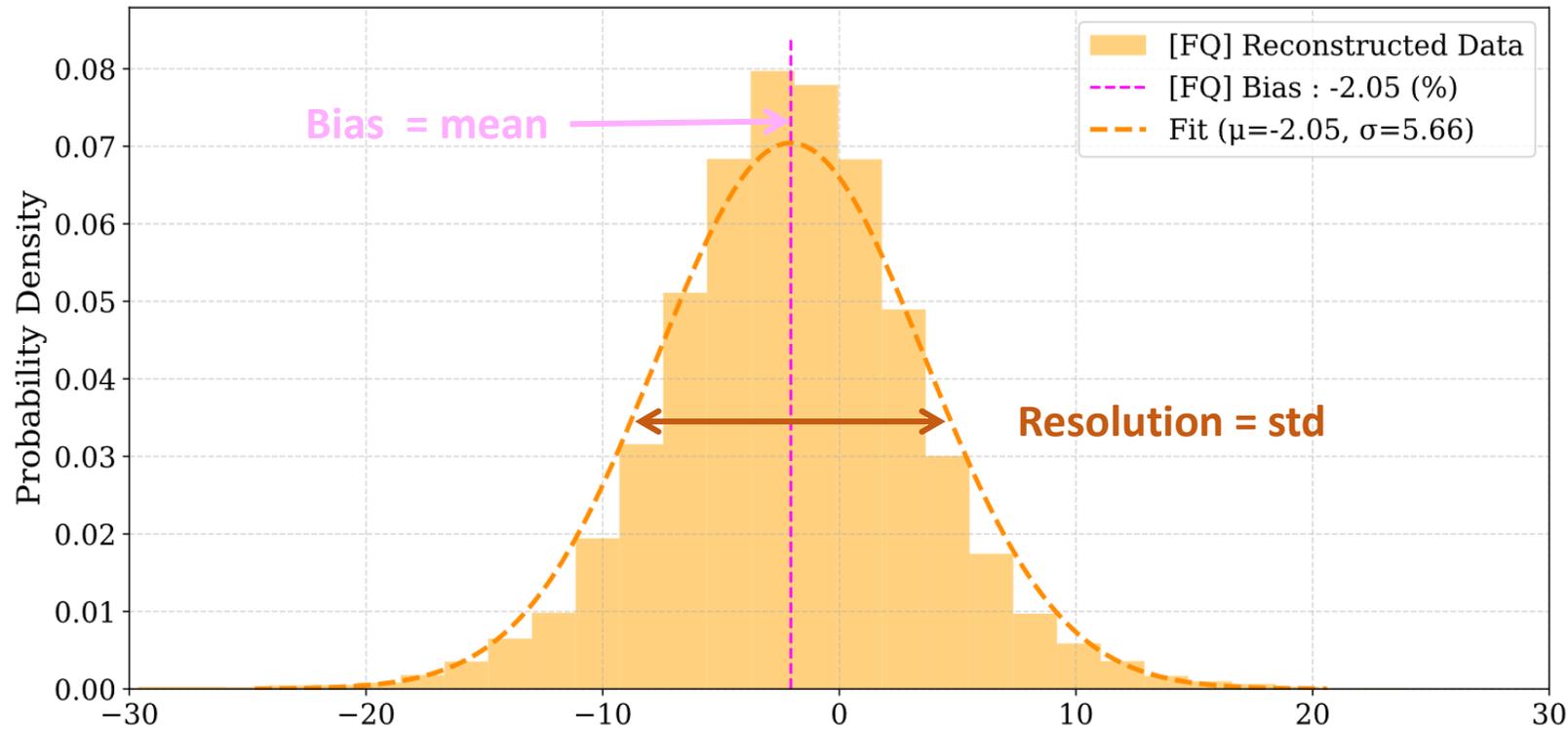
1. Definitions

2. Dwall

3. Towall

4. Towall & Energy

Kinetic Energy  $\in [100, 300)$  MeV



$$\forall i \in \{1.. N\} x_i = \frac{rec - true}{true},$$

$$Resolution = \hat{\sigma}(x_{1..n})$$

$$Bias = \hat{\mu}(x_{1..n})$$

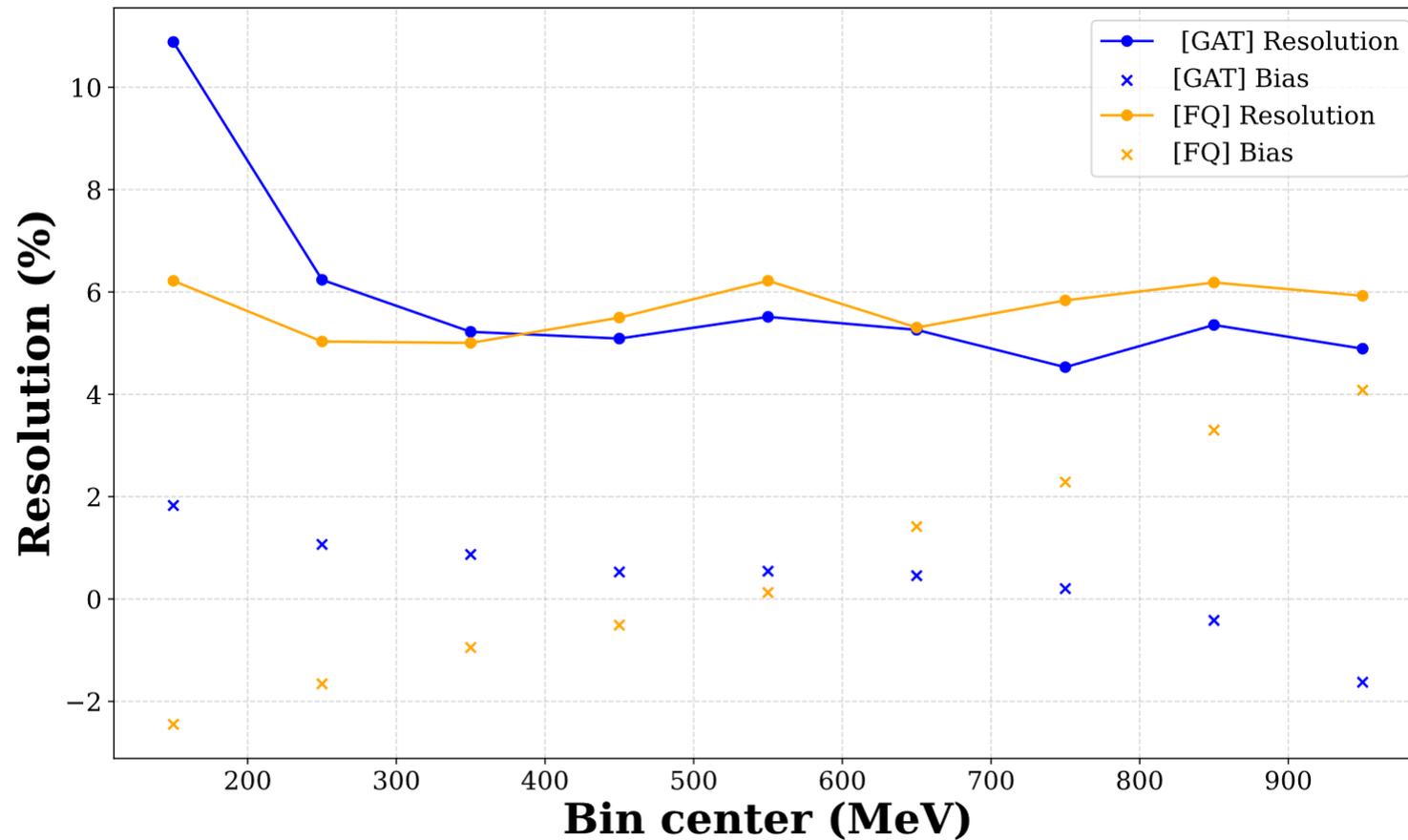
# Performance Comparison

Electron Energy

1. Energy

2. Dwall

3. Towall & Energy



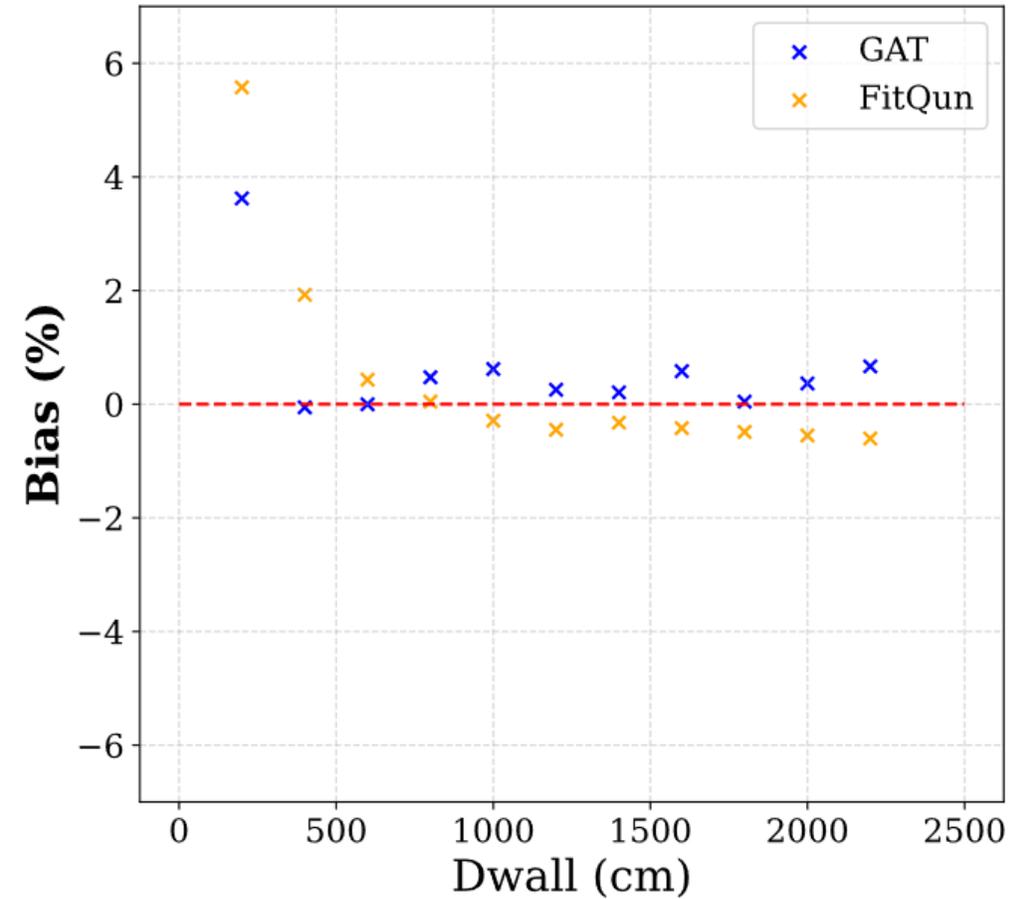
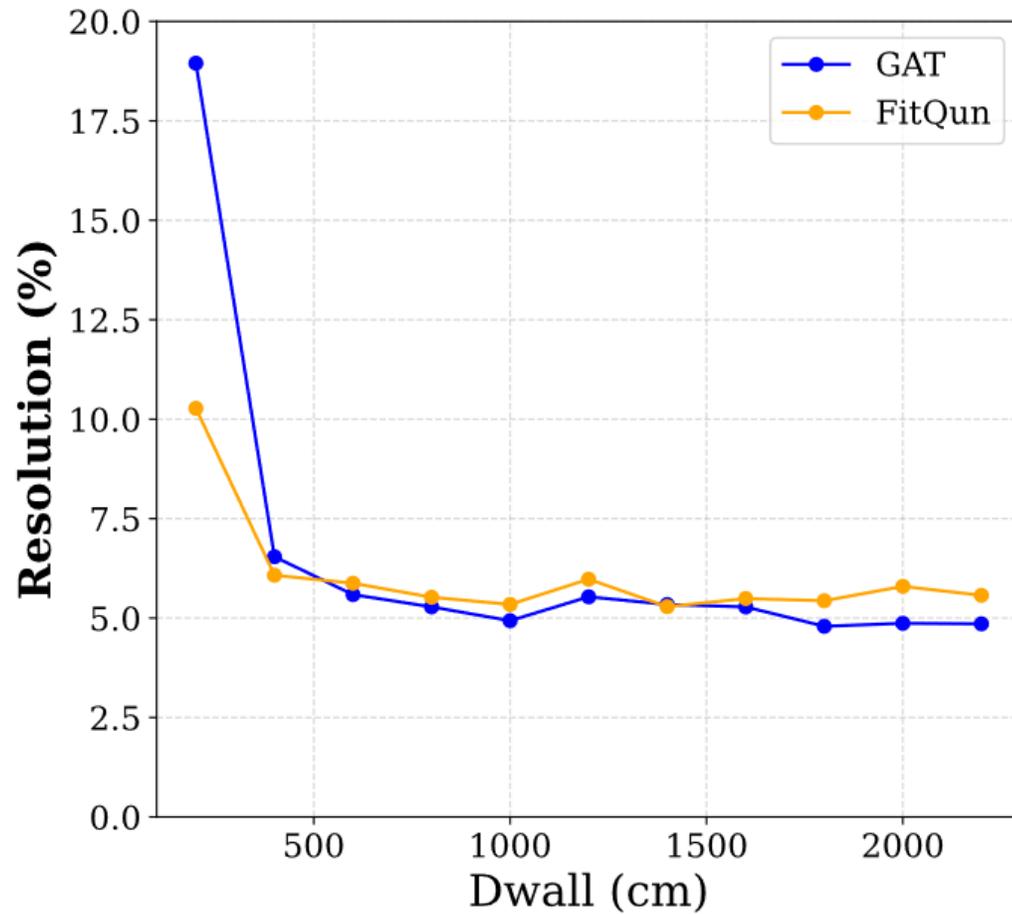
# Performance Comparison

Electron Energy

1. Energy

2. Dwall

3. Towall & Energy



# Performance Comparison

Electron Energy

1. Energy

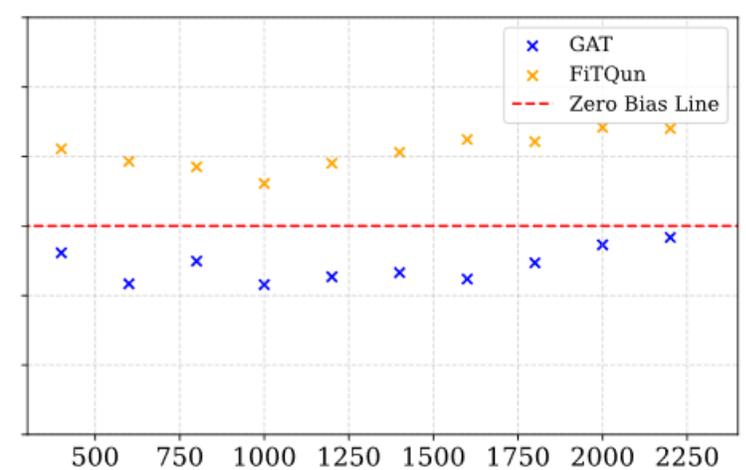
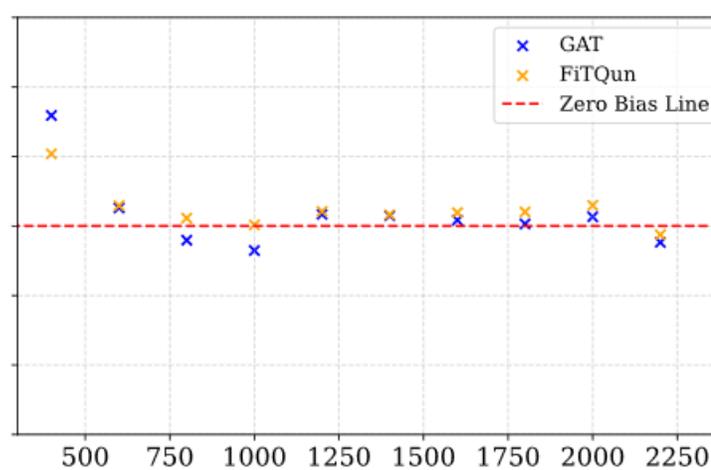
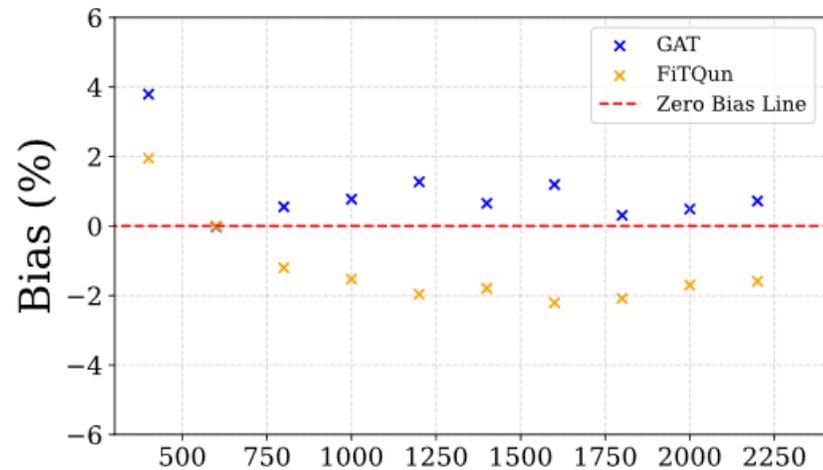
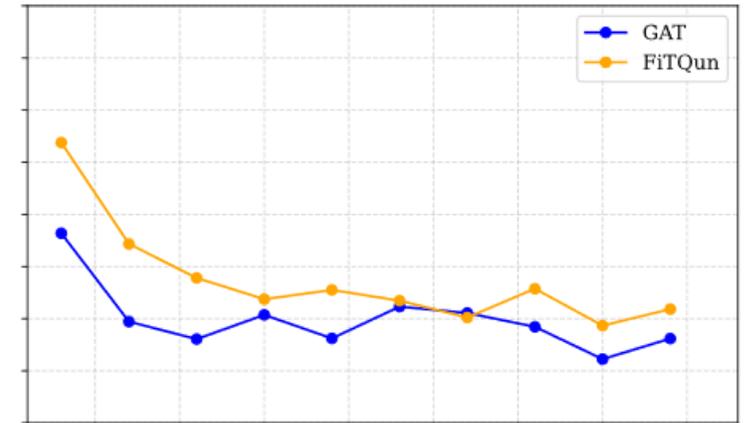
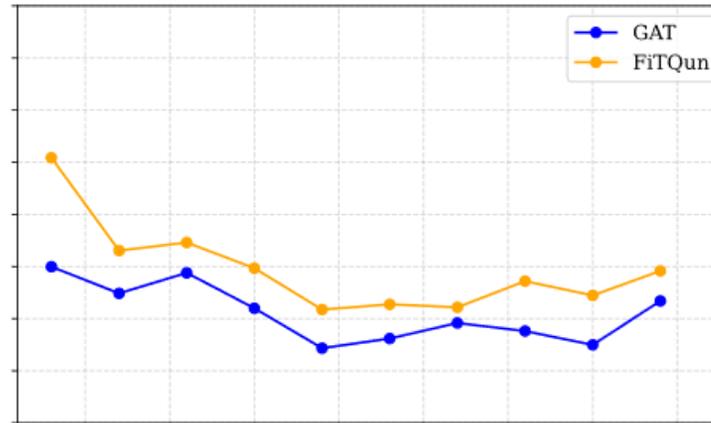
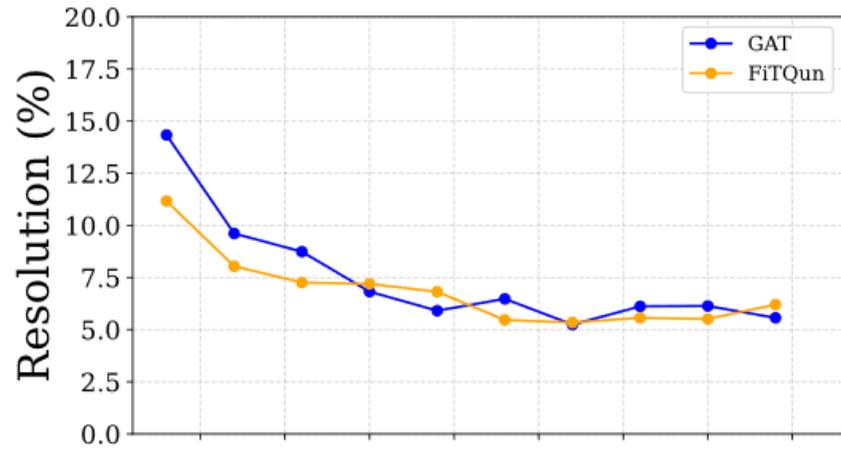
2. Dwall

3. Towall & Energy

Energy: 100 - 400 MeV

Energy: 400 - 700 MeV

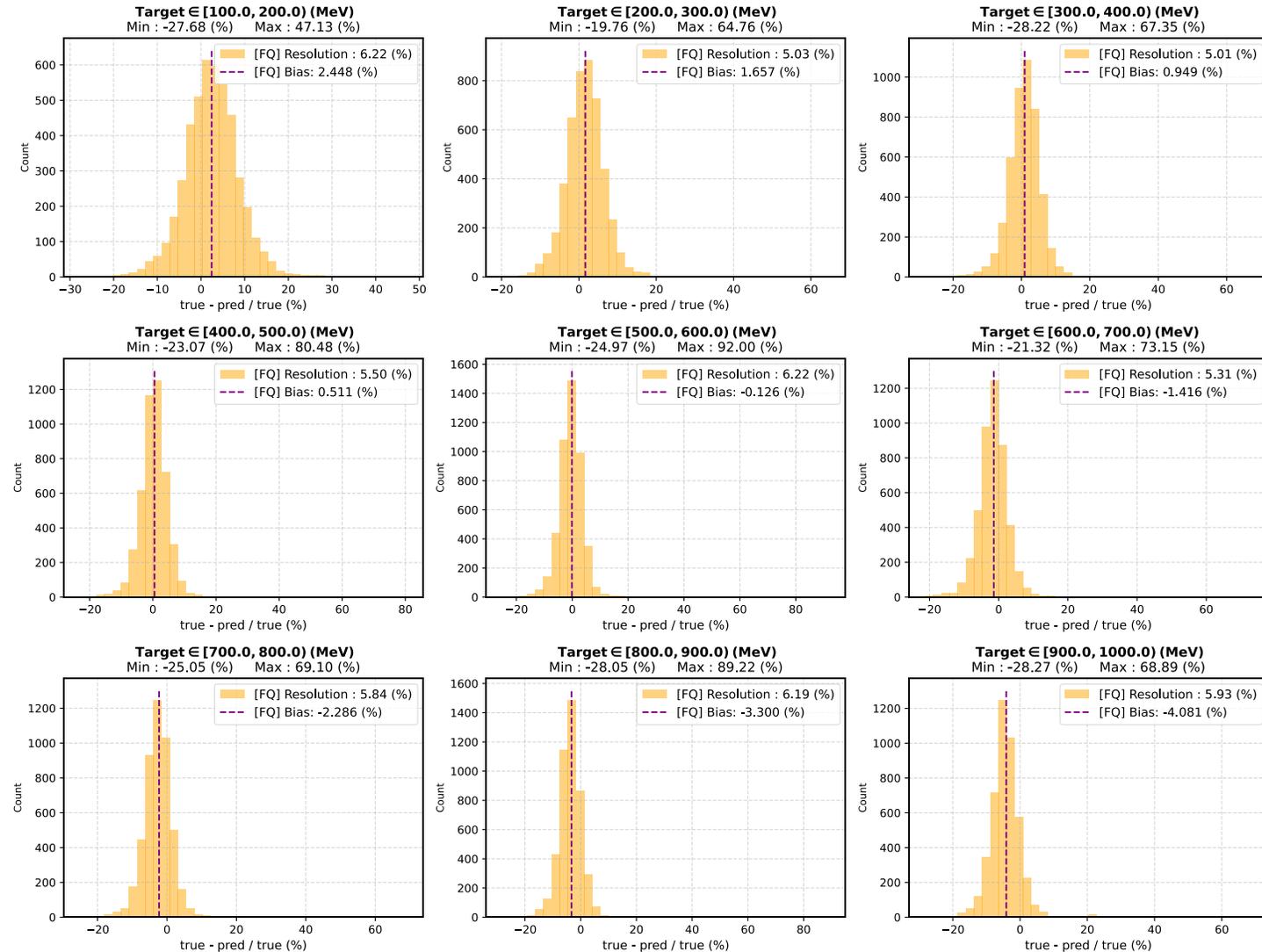
Energy: 700 - 1000 MeV



# Gaussia hypothesis for e- reconstruction

[WS 1.12.20 corr] Hkfd ; [CUT] e- 50k 100-1000MeV uniform tank iso

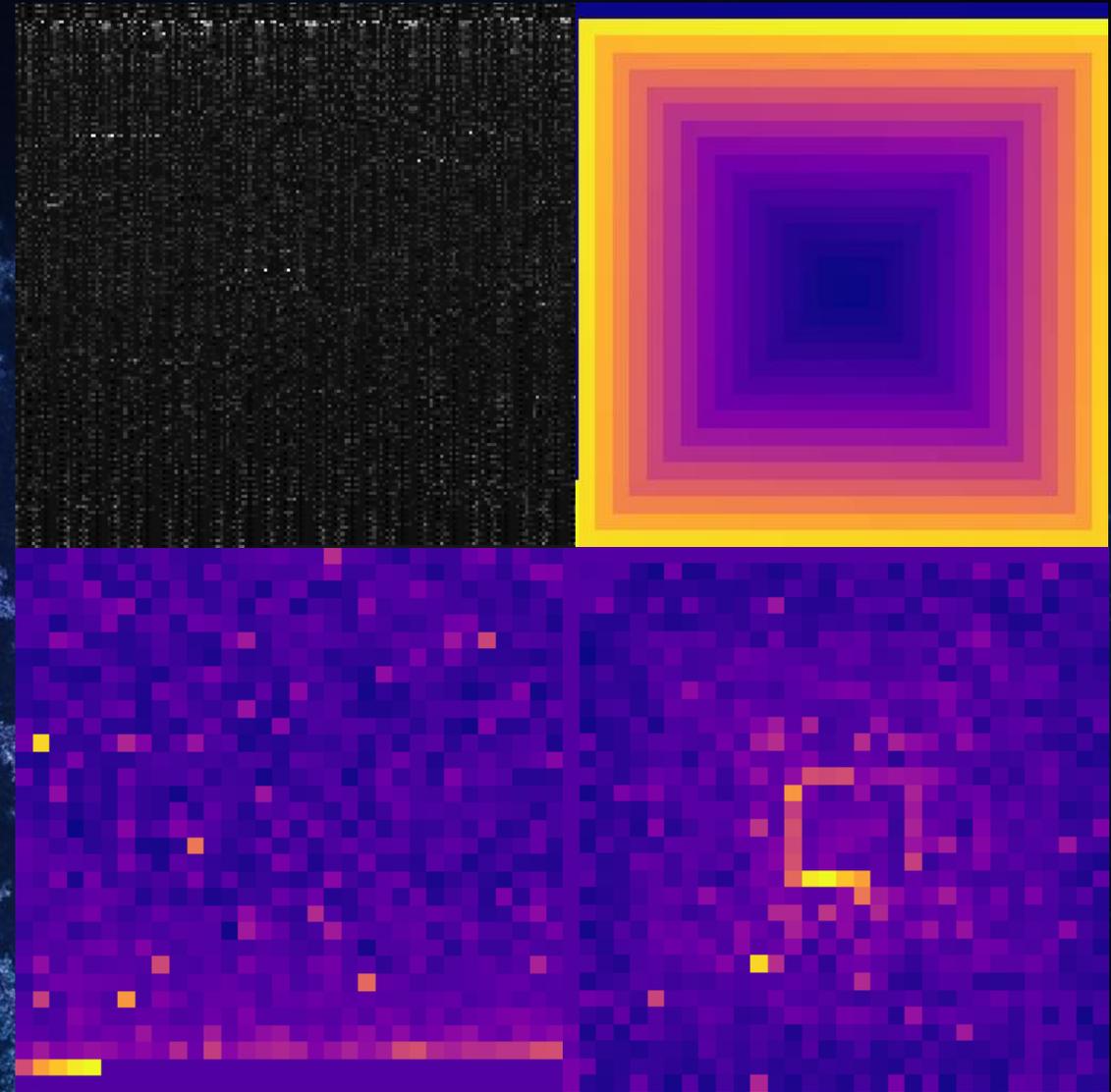
Histograms of Error per Energy Bin | Dwall > 200 cm



# Data flow in GNNs

Investigating the forward process

*Work started by N. Moreau*



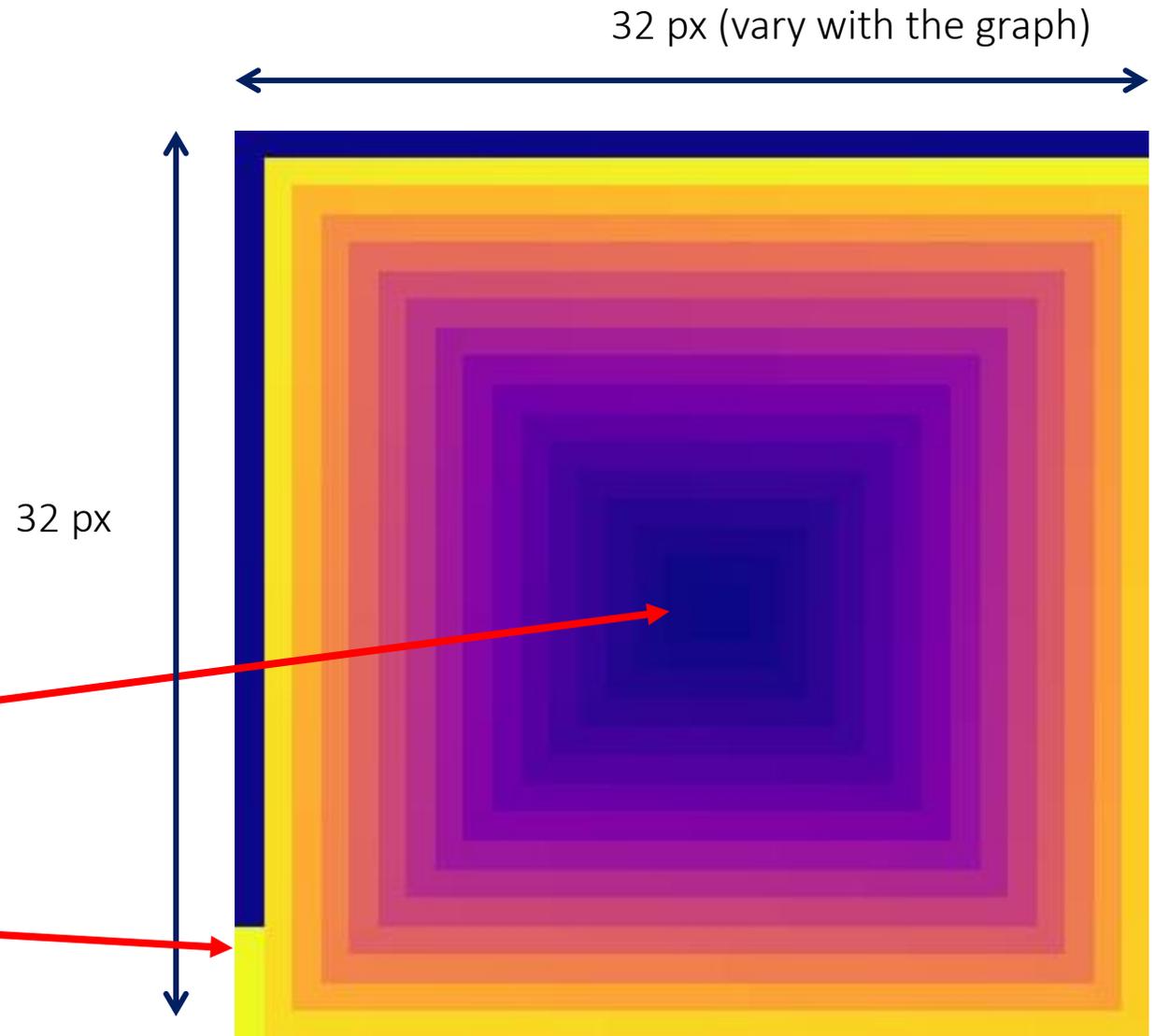
# Display settings

Making a spiral, sorted by the pmt hit time.

*One pixel = one node (PMT)*

Center = low pmt hit time

Border = high pmt hit time



# First results

E- 100 -1000MeV

After training for e- / mu- classification

Path to see what is the model « looking » at !

